Risk Assessment Worksheet				1. Incident Name: Antelope Fire			2. Incident Number: CA-KNF-006454			
3. Operational Period: Day Shift 0700-1900				4. Prepared by: (Safety Officer Signature & Date)  Tommy Hawkins SOF1, Brad Lidell SOF1			5. Reviewed by: (Operations Section Chief Signature & Date) /s/ Shane Sturgill			
				September 6, 2021			/s/ Allen Briggs			
Red Text is newly added item (48 hrs.) or significant changes. Blue Text indicates a Near Miss/Close Co Signature:				all incident. Title:			Date: 7-Sep-21			
	Hazards		Assess Hazaro		Risk Control Options 12. Identify hazard mitigations & measures		Residual Ris	k	Decision	Implement 17. Hazard Control
7. Task	8. Hazard	9. Hazard Probability	10. Severity	11. RAC	(press [alt + enter] to add a line) Provide on site medical transportation capability (ground	13. Hazard Probability	14. Severity	15. RAC	16. Task Necessary?	17. Hazard Control Assigned to:
All Incident Operational Tasks	Medical-Delay in patient admission to appropriate MCF (medical care facility) and Delay in Providing Advanced Life Support	Likely	Critical	Extremely High	ambulance), coordinate medevac using: fire helicopters, private medical helicopter services, local povernment (CIPP). US Army National Guard. Ensure extraction appability (short-hel) and nobst) are identified and ordering process is confirmed. Identify helispots' including airports remote (up to 50 miles) from fire. Provide ALS level care to each division (day & night) with dedicated line medic teams, REM's, with additional capacity using ALS ambulances. DIVS & Field OPS ensure Medical IIII plan is in place on each striffed division each shift. DIVS ID Glosset helispot and an alternate helispot at the beginning of each shift, confirm your helispots are on the OPS map.	Possible	Critical	High	YES	MEDL/Section Chiefs/DIVS
Transportation - Ground	Motor Vehicle Accident-All Carses: visibility, other vehicles, pedestrians, bicycles, wildlife, road surface, livestock.	Possible	Critical	High	Establish Incident Base near fin to minimize driving distance, satablish cargins an eleval fit grasporation times approach. I hour or greater). Utilize virtual intelligation minimize driving required to attend in person priefings, local roads can be narrow with little to no shoulder, present blind comers and blind hills. Local highways (97) can have heavy traffic. Anticipate cattle and wildlife on the roadway, Minimize or eliminate directations within your vehicle, authere to driving policy, work rest policy, duty day limitations. Anistatia vehicle readiness: clean windows, use headlights only a night, seathest use, take frequent breaks ulong long drives, been potent speed institus, use backers if available. If a motor vehicle accident (MVA) occurs refer to MPG pag 35 for miligations. Increase following distance and slow down in somely/Duty conditions.	Possible	Critical	High	YES	All Drivers
Medevac Operations	Aviation Mishap - Any Cause	Unlikely	Catastrophic	High	Ensure the Landing Zone Briefing is transmitted to pilots prior to landing. If hoist or short haul operations are occurring ensure extraction location hazards such as height of timber or other flight hazards are communicated to pilots. Utilise the Medical Indident Report when declaring an IWI. Follow dust abatement standards.	Unlikely	Catastrophic	High	YES	Division Supervisors Medical Unit IWI IC
Aviation Operations - Bucket Work, Medevac, Aerial Recon	Aircraft Mishap - General	Unlikely	Catastrophic	High	Refer to IRPG Avisition User Checkist page 45 (blue section) and Emergeny Medical Care (phis section) sections, especially pages 195-457, 62, 116-117, Review and train on the Refeopter L2 Bird (-) improve communications between ground and pilot. Ensure area or line is cleared prior to water or retardant drops, provide immediate feedback to pilots as to effects on pilot as to effect, provide immediate feedback to pilots as to effect, on the considered and in padce prior to Landing arcraft.	Unlikely	Catastrophic	High	YES	Division Supervisors
All Incident Operational Tasks & IA	Equipment - Control Line Construction	Possible	Critical	High	Assign HEQB or Leadership to heavy equipment when possible, review IRPG page 86 for mitigations. Review IRPG page 86 for mitigations.	Possible	Critical	High	YES	Division Supervisor / TFLD
Spot Fires	Entrapment - Any Cause	Possible	Critical	High	Ensure 10-18 are reviewed, ensure LCES is reviewed and in place. Esurance of Situation Awareness.  Ensure communications are established with operators.	Possible	Critical	High	YES	All Operations Personnel
Direct Line Construction - Mechanical	Equipment - Control Line Construction	Possible	Critical	High	Insure communications are established with operators. During airtainer perpentions clear the drop. Use hand signals if other communications are unavailable. Maintain as exclusion area around equipment, 212 drimes tree height when in timber. Use a spotter when backing, when transporting heavy equipment over amour steep roads scout ahead to ensure safe egress and ingress. Control traffic when working along roads. Maintain eye contact with operator when working around heavy equipment. Avoid working below heavy equipment.	Possible	Critical	High	YES	DIVS
Provide for Public Safety	Public Evacuations	Likely	Moderate	High	Coordinate with Team LOFR and or LE. Maintain closure points on roads as needed. Team PIO & LOFR to provide clear information related to evacuation status and evacuation locations and or provide active links to agencies providing public evacuations.	Likely	Moderate	High	YES	Division Supervisors LOFR PIO
All Incident Operational Tasks	Powerlines - Electrocution	Unlikely	Catastrophic	High	Review IRPG page 24 for mitigations. Ground operations cocurring in close proximity to overhead powerlines pose a high risk of electrocution when: heavy smoke impacts lines, wood poles burn thru and lines are low or on the ground. Always treat lines down as energized. Homeowners running generators can back feed the electrical grid, so even if utility personnel confirm the owners far off in wan out his.	Rare	Catastrophic	Moderate	YES	Division Supervisors
Indirect Line Construction - Hand tools/Saws	Chainsaw - Laceration	Possible	Critical	High	The chainsaw operator is responsible for controlling the cutting area and communicating with others in the cutting area. Provide proper trauma list near saw operations. Maintain recommended spacing of falling teams or others working in the cutting area. Proper training and certification level for personnel running saws and assisting with saw operations. If you are not confrontable falling the tree, walk away. Northy your supervisor and mitigate the safety issues or time down the assignment.	Unlikely	Critical	Moderate	YES	Division Supervisors Sawyers and Swampers
All Incident Operational Tasks	Hazard Trees/Snags	Possible	Critical	High	Avoidance if possible, Utilize qualified fallers to evaluate/drop HT's, communicate HT's throughout the work shift, flag HT's as needed. Consider disengagement with high winds.	Rare	Critical	Moderate	YES	Division Supervisors
Night Medevac	Human Factors - Experience & Training	Unlikely	Catastrophic	High	Plan for night medevac operations by ensuring use of glow sticks (use red not green), confirm aerial hazards such as powerlines do not exist in area of operations (helispots, short haul, or hoist), know location of closest LZ and alternate LZ's. Follow dust abatement standards.	Rare	Catastrophic	Moderate	YES	Division Supervisors IWIIC
Patrol/Secure Fires Edge/Mop- up	Burns - Ash Pit/Stump Holes Human Factors - Fatigue & Overexertion	Possible	Critical	High	Avoid or closely evaluate the need for mop up activities in areas where woody material could be buried under soil (river banks, stream beds) resulting in a fall into an ash pit. Wear appropriate PPE. Utilize proper lifting techniques. Utilize appropriate number of personnel to complete task.	Rare	Critical	Moderate	YES	Division Supervisors
All Incident Operational Tasks & IA	Medical - Heat Related Illness and Dehydration	Possible	Critical	High	Drink plenty of water, it is recommended that firefighters drink 1 quart of water per hour of fire suppression. Take frequent breaks to provide physical and mental recovery. Seek shade out of direct sun for rest periods. Ensure personnel are well rested prior to work shifts. Eat well-balanced meals regularly, with energy supplements during periods of high exertion. Maintain good personal hygiene.	Unlikely	Critical	Moderate	YES	All Sections
All Incident Operational Tasks & IA ICP or Evacuations	Entrapment - Any Cause Hostile Individual	Unlikely	Critical Critical	Moderate Moderate	Ensure 10-18 are reviewed, ensure LCES is reviewed and in place.  Refer to Active Shooter Plan, disengage and / or attempt	Rare Rare	Critical Critical	Moderate Moderate	YES NO	Division Supervisor  All Personnel
Saw Usage	Chainsaw - Gysering / Injury	Unlikely	Critical	Moderate	to de-escalate situation.  Utilize "C" Fallers as necessary. Review causes for gysering and anticipate occurrence, minimize possibility of gysering to occur, provide proper trauma kits near saw operations.	Rare	Critical	Moderate	YES	Division Supervisors Sawyers and Swampers
All Incident Operational Tasks	Medical - Hygiene, Illness, Disease	Possible	Moderate	Moderate	Refer to CDC recommendations about COVID-19, norovirus, strep throat, etc. Follow CA-KNF direction on covid mtigations. Maintain good or better personnel hygiene, coordinate with county health departments as	Possible	Moderate	Moderate	YES	All Personnel Medical Unit
Transportation - Ground	Slips/Trips/Falls - Steep Terrain, Unstable Surface	Possible	Moderate	Moderate	needed. Communicate hazards while hiking, watch footing while on steeper ground, minimize working above others while on slopes. Several areas on this fire have large sink holes due	Possible	Moderate	Moderate	YES	Single Resource Bosses
Transportation - Ground - UTV	Human Factors - Experience & Training, Rollover/Accident	Unlikely	Critical	Moderate	to volcanic lands.  Evaluate if LIV use is justified. Utilize trained and certified drivers only, drive at reasonable and prudent speeds, follow your agency polker yearing Per Use to minimize injury potential, avoid driving or riding on public roads which Increases the possibility of an acident. Reference Chapter 14 of the 2021 Red Book page 310, UTV head protection for wildland free operations. Maintain overall weight within manufactures limits, do not overfoad UTV. Avoid aftermarket roof racks that chapte the C/G of vehicle. Conduct daily PM checks (T-CLOC), Only qualified operation to drive UTV's. Operate within your skill limits. Drive at reasonable speeds and avoid travel on side slopes.	Rare	Moderate	Low	YES	UTV operators Division Supervisors
All Incident Operational Tasks	Smoke Inhalation	Possible	Moderate	Moderate	Legal & illegal grows pose a health hazard due to use of pesticide, herbicide, rodenticide, plastics, all of which pose an inhalation hazard when burning. Avoid smoke from burning marijuana grows, burning vehicles and or burning structures.	Rare	Moderate	Low	YES	Division Supervisors
All Incident Tasks	Allergic Reaction - Insects/Animals	Possible	Moderate	Moderate	Identify individuals with known allergic reactions, make epi- pen locations known, communicate and flag known bee locations. Watch for snakes in work, rest, and sleeping areas. Coordinate with ALS on your Division Supervisor.	Unlikely	Moderate	Low	YES	All Personnel Medical Unit