INFRARED INTERPRETER'S DAILY LOG

Incident Name:	IR Interpreter(s):	Local Dispatch Phone:	Interpreted Size:
Garceau	Chad Horman	MDC-Missoula	6,725 Acres
MT-FHA-000130	chad.horman@usda.gov	406-829-7060	Growth last period:
			1 Acres
Flight Time:	Interpreter(s) location:	GACC IR Liaison:	National Coordinator:
2308 MDT	Cedar City, UT	Jen Frazer	Tom Mellin
Flight Date:	Interpreter(s) Phone:	GACC IR Liaison Phone:	National Coord. Phone:
08/21/2022	435-592-5175	Work – (406) 547-6010	Work – (505) 842-3846
		Cell – (203) 695-1207	Cell – (505) 301-8176
Ordered By:	A Number:	Aircraft/Scanner System:	Pilots/Techs:
RIST	A-34	N350FV/Tenax	Tech: Wren
605-645-8355			
SITL Chandler Munday (435) 770-5919 chandler_mundy@firenet. gov			
IRIN Comments on imagery:		Weather at time of flight:	Flight Objective:
Cloudy		Cloudy	Heat Perimeter Detection /
			Categorizing Heat Intensity
Date and Time Imagery Received by Interpreter:		Type of media for final product:	
08/21/2022 @ 2319 MDT		Shapefiles, one geodatabase, two pdf maps, kmz file, IRIN	
Date and Time Products Delivered to Incident:		log. IR data posted to IRIN Edit Services (National Incident	
IR data uploaded to IES: 08/22/2022 @ 0015 MDT		Feature Service 2022)	
IR products uploaded to ftp: 08/22/2022 @ 0045 MDT		Digital files sent to:	
		https://ftp.wildfire.gov/public/incident_specific_data/n_rockie s/2022_fires/2022_Garceau/IR/2020822	

Comments / notes on tonight's mission and this interpretation:

- Started interpretation with incident wildfire daily perimeter downloaded on 8/21/2022 @ 1914 from NIFS (National Incident Feature Service 2022).
- Incident area had moderate cloud cover. This hindered the ability to map heat locations as desired within the incident.
 Imagery used consisted of the Tenax 4x and 16x ortho. The difference between the two images is the number of pixels that are grouped together to identify heat signatures. The 4x if more precise and is usually used for IR mapping.
 However, the 16x can be useful in cloudy conditions. Since it groups 16 pixels instead of 4 heat sources can still be identified. The downside is that it is not as precise as the 4x. The 16x gives a more general idea of the location of the heat source.
- The perimeter did increase by 1 acre due to a heat source identified using the 4x imagery. Total acreage is now 6,725.
- No intense heat was observed, however due to the cloud cover that doesn't mean it may not be present.
- Scattered heat and isolated heat were mapped using the 16x imagery and does show that heat is there, but not exactly where it is.
- The provided geodatabase and shapefiles are in in WGS84 decimal degrees, so would be convenient for working in IES and IVS.

- Maps are in NAD83 UTM 11.
- Feedback is always appreciated. Please contact the interpreter at the contact information listed above.