INCIDENT ACTION PLAN

MUCKAMUCK FIRE

Thursday, September 9, 2021 0700-1900 Operational Period

PERCENT OF EFFORT

Ground	Daily	Approval
DNR	%	
USFS	%	
BLM	%	

Air	Daily	Approval
DNR	%	
USFS	%	
BLM	%	



WA-COF-2290 221-KTR P6 N75D - 0621



	1. Incident Name	2 Data Branarad	2 Time Drangued						
Incident Objectives		2. Date Prepared	3. Time Prepared						
4. Operational Period (Date and Ti	Muckamuck	9/8/2021	1800						
9/9/2021 5. General Control Objectives for t	0700-1900	(95)							
3. deficial control objectives for t	The includent (include Alternativ	763							
 Implement risk management the public 	practices that provide for the	safety of firefighters, o	ther responders, and						
 Establish control line in areas exposures are commensurate 		ility of success and ensu	re that firefighters						
 Conduct suppression repair activities in conjunction with resource advisors to prevent long term damage to resources. 									
<u> </u>	 Foster good relationships with local cooperators, stakeholders and the public by providing coordinated, accurate and timely information. 								
 Keep cost commensurate with values at risk by working with local unit and coordinating with the Agency Administrators and Incident Business Advisor. 									
 Manage the human resources assigned to the fire in a manner that promotes a positive and harassment free work environment to strengthen relationships and team work. 									
 Utilize the Best Management fighters. 	Practices to reduce the sprea	ad of COVID-19 to the co	ommunity and fire						
6. Weather Forecast for Operation	al Period								
See attached weather foreca	st.								
7. General Safety Message									
 Provide for firefighter and 	public safety at all times.								
 Monitor compliance of 10 	and 18 by all incident pers	onnel.							
 Adhere to 2:1 work/rest ra 	atio for all fire line personn	el.							
 Aviation safety is high price 	ority. Assess the risk agains	t the benefit of the m	ission.						
 Ensure all assigned persor 	nnel understand emergency	medical reporting &	transport						
0 Attach									
8. Attachments (check if attached)									
☑ Organization List (ICS 203)	☑ Assignment List (ICS 204)	☑ Air Opera	itions (ICS 220)						
☑ Weather	☑ Communication Plan (ICS 2)		3						
☑ Safety Message	☑ Medical Plan (ICS 206)	☑ Incident	Maps						
9. Prepare	d by (PSC)	10. Approved by (IC)							
ICS-202	Ellunne	(//	20						

1. Incident Name	Muckamuck	9. OPERATIONS SEC	CTION			
2. Date 9/8/2021	3. Time 1800	Field	Josh Tellessen			
4. Operational Period	9/9/2021 0700-1900	Planning	Shane Robson			
5. INCIDENT COMMAN	NDER & STAFF	b. Division C				
Incident Commander	Bill Dennstaedt	Division Supervisor	Tim Love			
		Deputy				
Safety Officer	Fety Officer Bob Schwiesow					
		Division Supervisor	Doug Dodson			
Information Officer	Don Malone	Deputy				
6. AGENCY REPRESEN	TATIVE	d. Division X	d. Division X			
Agency	Name	Division Supervisor	Max Leyva			
USFS AA	Kathy Johnson	Deputy				
DNR AA	Pat Ryan	d. Roads/Repair G	roup			
BLM AREP	Chris Sheridan	Division Supervisor	Brian Pratt			
BOR AREP	Kendra Fallon	Deputy				
Okanogan FD 9	Tim Tugaw	10. FINANCE SECTION				
Okanogan DEM	Maurice Goodall	Chief	Cari Richardson			
REAF	Mark Dean	Deputy	Michelle Leonard			
REAF	Matt Quinn	Time Unit				
7. PLANNING SECTION	l .	11. CONTACTS / OT	THER INFORMATION			
Chief	Debbie Plummer	NEWICC 509.685.690	O Fax 509.685.6918			
GISS (T)	Willa Zyskowski					
ITSS	Bradley Dilg					
8. LOGISTICS SECTION						
Chief	Matt Lougy					
Deputy	Mike Bucy	Prepared by (Resource	e Unit Leader)			
Basecamp Manager	Mark Williams	D	ebbie Plummer, PSC3			
Spike Camp Manager	Paul Footen					
Communications	Todd Bellfueille					

DIVISION ASSIGNMENT LIST 1. Bra					1. Brar	nnch 2. Division / Group						
3. Incid	ent Name					4. Operati	onal Period					
		Muckamud	ck			Da	ite: 9/9/20	21	Tir	ne: 0	700-1900	
5. Oper	ations Personnel							-		٠.		
Field C	perations		Josh	Telless	en	Planning C	perations		Shane Robson			
Safety	Officer		Bob S	chwies	ow	Division/G	roup Superviso	ог		Tim	Love	
6. Reso	urces Assigned th											
RO#	Strike Tea Force/Re	•		Lea	der	# People	Contact (phone etc		EMT		Remarks	
0110	Swedberg FMOD)	James	McKid	dy	2				LWD 9/:	13	
C-3002	Franco Reforesta	ation HC2	Esequi	el Tapi	a	20				LWD 9/9	9	
E-151	Chewack Wildfir	e T4	Greg Is	sac		3				LWD 9/2	23	
E-75	Fire Control T6		Paul Fu	uchs		3				LWD 9/:	16	
E-77	Torch Fire T6		Andrev	w Gruz	in	3				LWD 9/:	15	
E-121	121 KL Farms T6 James		James	Harter		3				LWD 9/:	10	
E-152	American Land Service T5 Christ		Christia	hristian Martinson		3				LWD 9/:	17	
E-159	59 King Hydroseeding WT2 Joe Iv		Joe Ivie	2		1				LWD 9/2	20	
S-2	REMS Team		Colin S	tenhou	use	4			Ø	LWD 9/:	14	
						40						
7. Worl	Assignments			- 111								
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8. Spec	ial Instructions				:.							
	AD's will rove all sources identifie						•					
	nunication Summ											
	Function	Name	$\overline{}$	Mode			See Communic	Frequency	30E f	Dote!!-		
	OMMAND TACTICAL	COMMAND 3	3 or 4	N N			See Communic	ation Plan ICS	ZUS TOP	vetalls		
	AIR	PRIMARY A	√G	N								
Prepare	d by (RESL)				ved by (PSC)	·		Date:	_	Time:		
						ie Plumme	9/8/2021			1800		

	DIVISION ASSIGNMENT LIST 1. Bra					nch 2. Div			F		
3. Incid	ent Name			•	4. Operation	onal Period					
		uckamuck			Date: 9/9/2021		21	Tir	me: 0700-1900		
5. Oper	rations Personnel	·			T						
Field (Operations	Josh	Tellesse	en	Planning Operations			Shane Robson			
Safety Officer Bob Schwiesow					Division/G	roup Superviso	or		Doug Dodson		
6. Resc	ources Assigned this I					The second					
RO#	Strike Team/T Force/Resou	1	Lead	der	# People	Contact (phonetic	_	EMT	Remarks		
E-129	Libery Wildfire T5	Cedar	Watson	1	3				LWD 9/9		
E-157	Methow River Wild	fire T4 Clayto	n Bell		3		·—·		LWD 9/14		
E-158	S&L Services WT2	Dan F	uchser		1		_		LWD 9/11		
					_						
					7						
7. Wor	k Assignments										
2) Ba 3) Co 4) Co	omplete suppressio ackhaul excess equi ontinue to patrol ar ontinue working wi	pment within d nd mop-up, as n	ivision. eeded,	on all firelir	nes that ca						
8. Spec	cial Instructions			a mia s A sym							
	EAD's will rove all diesources identified					•					
9. Com	munication Summar								No. of the second secon		
	Function	Name	Mode				Frequency				
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	TACTICAL AIR	TAC 6 PRIMARY A/G	N								
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Prepared by (RESL) Approved by (PSC					nie Plumme	•	9/8/2021		1800		

	DIVISION AS	SSIGNMEN	T LIST		1. Brai	nch 2. Divis			Group	X	
3. Incid	ent Name					4. Operation	onal Period		-		
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5. Ope	rations Personnel	1.00 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m					:				
Field Operations Josh			Josh T	ellessen		Planning C	Operations		S	hane	Robson
Safety Officer Bob Schw			hwiesow		Division/G	roup Superviso	or		Max	Leyva	
6. Reso	urces Assigned this	Period									
RO#	Strike Team/Task Fo	orce/Resource		Leader		# People	Contact (phon etc		EMT		Remarks
0-122	HIOP		Kevin I	Peterson		1				LWD	9/9
C-39	ASI Arden Inc. HC2		Ignacio	Sartana	•	20				LWD	9/15
E-14	Hi Country T6		BJ Valo	dez		3				LWD	9/21
E-150	Methow River Wild	lfire T4	Jordi H	lernandez		3				LWD	9/17
E-131	Anderson Excavation	on EXCA2	Bob Pe	etty		2				LWD	9/23
E-153	Liberty Wildfire T6		Cliff M	iddleton		3				LWD	9/16
0-3023	EMTF		Rob M	ulrooney		1			Ø	LWD	9/12
								<u></u>			
		-				33		-		<u> </u>	
7. Wor	k Assignments		<u>I</u>						<u></u>		
2) Gr 3) Co	ontinue to secure a id for spots on SE ontinue working w ilize excavator to	portion of the	he divis	sion.			n be accessed	by ground r	esour	ces.	
B. Spec	ial Instructions		i i					The second	-		
•	AD's will rove all c sources identified						•				
9. Com	munication Summa	ry									
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	OMMAND	COMMAND 3	or 4	N		Se	e Communicatio	n Plan ICS205	for Det	ails	
	TACTICAL	TAC 7		N							
	AIR	PRIMARY A/		N A	··· (DCC)		·-	ID-to:		T:	
rrepare	ed by (RESL)			Approved b	• • •			Date:		Time	
					Debb	ie Plumme	r	9/8/2021			1800

	DIVISION AS	SIGNMENT LIS	Г	1. Branch	2	2. Division /	Group	Roads/Repair	
3. Incid	ent Name			4. Operation	onal Period			•	
	Mı	uckamuck		Da	ite: 9/9/202	!1	Tir	me: 0700-1900	
5. Oper	ations Personnel	e de la composición del composición de la compos	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						
Field C	Operations	Josh 1	Tellessen	Planning C	perations			Shane Robson	
Safety	Safety Officer Bob Schw			Division/G	roup Supervisor			Brian Pratt	
6. Reso	urces Assigned this	Period							
RO#	Strike Team, Force/Reso		Leader	# People	Contact (phone, etc.)		EMT	Remarks	
O-106	REAF	Mark	Dean	1				LWD 9/12	
0-123	HEQB (T)	Eric V	Veinke	1				LWD 9/15	
0-3009	REAF	Mike	Quinn	1				LWD 9/14	
E-119	Riverbanks DOZ2	Jon St	tehnike	2				LWD 9/9	
E-154			Pitts	2	•			LWD 9/9	
E-3030				2				LWD 9/22	
E-3033	033 Rude Logging SKD1			2				LWD 9/22	
E-3034	McCuen Enterprise		rd Elder	2				LWD 9/21	
	-				_				
				13			 		
7. Wor	k Assignments			<u> </u>	:				
2) Co	ioritize repair wor oordinate work acu		ed with curr	ent resources a	available.				
o. opec	iai ilisti actions	<u> </u>							
,	AD's will rove all o sources identified						ed.		
9. Comi	munication Summa	ry							
	Function	Name	Mode			Frequency			
		COMMAND 3 or 4	N		See Communic	cation Plan IC	S205 f	or Details	
	TACTICAL	TAC 8	N						
D====	AIR	PRIMARY A/G	N Approved b	w (BCC)		Date:		Time:	
rrepare	ed by (RESL)		Approved b	Approved by (PSC)			21	1800	

IAP Map

Muckamuck Fire WA-COF-2290 09/09/2021

13,297 acres at 09/07/2021



Legend

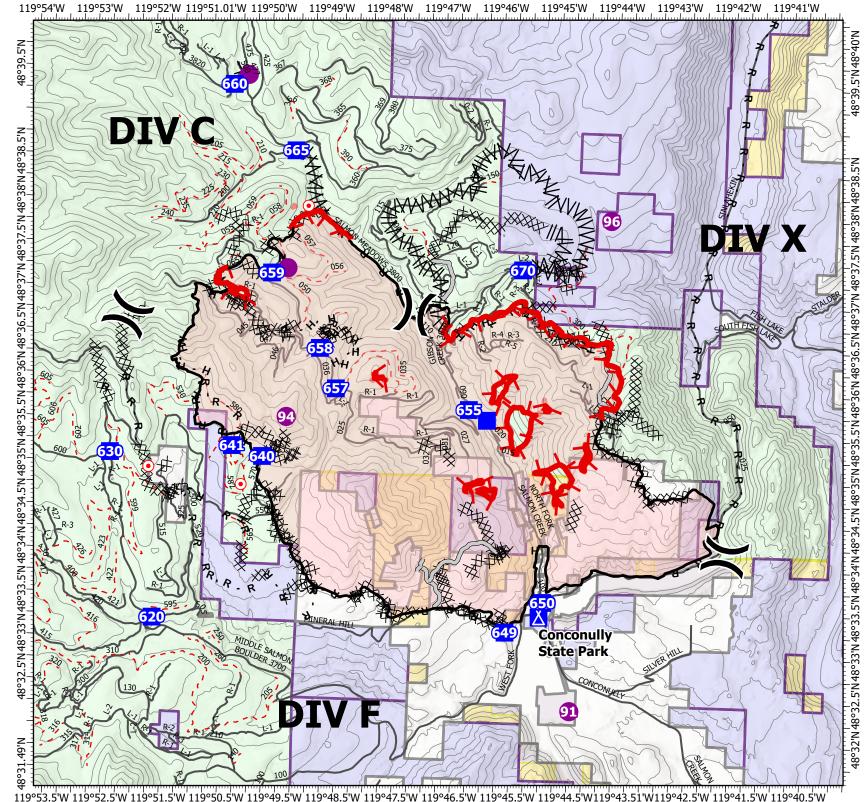
- Helispot
- Oivision Break
- Drop Point
- Camp
- Hot Spot Spot Fire
- Fire Station
- Wildfire Daily Fire Perimeter
- Completed Dozer Line
- Completed Fuel Break
 Completed Hand Line
- R Completed Road as Line
- Access or Improved Road
- Other
- Fire Edge
 Contained Line
- U.S. Forest Service
- Bureau of Land Management
 - Other Federal Land
- State Land
- Other Land, Including Private







WSZ 9/8/2021 1356 IR Flight North American 1983 Datum.



WEATHER

1. Incident Name

Muckamuck

2. Date Prepared

9/8/2021

3. Time Prepared

1800

DISCUSSION

Cooler weather is expected Thursday and Friday and will continue through early next week. The forecast for Friday is currently dry, but there is a chance for rain in the afternoon and evening hours. Uncertainty at this moment is high, but the potential is there.

THURSDAY	1
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Sky/weather......Mostly sunny.

CWR.....0 percent.

LAL.....1.

Max temperature.....70.

Min humidity......30 percent.

Wind (20 ft)......South to southwest winds 1 to 4 mph in the

morning becoming 6 to 12 mph. Gusts to 15 mph in the afternoon along the ridgelines and exposed areas.

Mixing height......Near surface in the morning increasing to

5000 ft AGL in the afternoon.

Transport winds.....Southwest 6 to 9 mph.

Haines Index......2 or very low potential for large plume

dominated fire growth.

THURSDAY NIGHT

Sky/weather.....Increasing clouds late.

CWR.....0 percent.

LAL.....1.

Min temperature.....56.

Max humidity......50 percent.

Wind (20 ft)......Southwest to west winds 5 to 10 mph in the

evening. Winds becoming northwest 1 to 4 mph overnight.

Mixing height......3500 ft AGL in the evening decreasing to near

the surface overnight.

Transport winds.....Northwest 4 to 8 mph.

Haines Index......2 or very low potential for large plume

dominated fire growth.

FRIDAY

Sky/weather.....Cloudy.

CWR.....0 percent.

LAL.....1.

Max temperature.....60.

Min humidity......43 percent.

Wind (20 ft)......Northwest winds 1 to 4 mph in the morning

shifting to the east 3 to 6 mph by 1100 PDT. Afternoon winds south 5 to 10 mph with late afternoon gusts to 15 mph along ridgelines.

Mixing height......Near surface in the morning increasing to

4000 ft AGL in the afternoon.

Transport winds.....Southeast around 6 mph.

9. Prepared by (Name and Position)

Debbie Plummer, PSC3

110	IDENT RADIO COM	MUNICATIONS P	LAN 1-205 [1. INCIDENT NAME		2. DATE/TIME PREPARED			3. OPERATIONAL PERIOD DATE/TIME			
				Muckamuck	Fire	Ð	09/08/2	2021		09/09/2021 DAYS		
				4. BAS	IC RAD	IO CHANNEL	UTILIZATION					
Ch #	Function	Channel Name	Assignment	RX Freq	N/W	RX Tone/NAC	TX Freq	NW	TX Tone/NAC	Mode Analog (A) Digital (D) Mixed (M)	Remarks	
1	COMMAND	FOREST ROCK	CMD	170.4750	N	146.2	164.9625	N	110.9	Α	FS RPTR ROCK	
2	COMMAND	FOREST TUNK	CMD	170.4750	N	146.2	164.9625	N	141.3	А	FS RPTR TUNK	
3	MUCK COMMAND	CMD 3	CMD	151.1375	N	136.5	159.4725	N	136.5	А	CMD 3 ON BUCK MNTN (LINKED)	
4	MUCK COMMAND	CMD 4	CMD	154.4525	N	136.5	158.7375	N	136.5	Α	CMD 4 ON FUNK MNTN (LINKED)	
5	TAC	TAC 5	DIV C	154.2800	N	156.7	154.2800	N	156.7	А	DIVISION C *****	
6	TAC	TAC 6	DIV F	154.2650	N	156.7	154.2650	N	156.7	А	DIVISION F *****	
7	TAC	TAC 7	DIV X	154.2950	N	156.7	154.2950	N	156.7	Α	DIVISION X *****	
8	TAC	TAC 8	R/R GRP	154.2725	N	156.7	154.2725	N	156.7	Α	ROADS AND REPAIR GROUP	
9	TAC	TAC 9		154.2875	N	156.7	154.2875	N	156.7	Α		
10	TAC	FS TAC	FS TAC	168.2000	N	0.0	168.2000	N	146.2	Α	FS TAC	
11	TAC	DNR COMM		151.4150	N	103.5	151.4150	N	103.5	Α	DNR COMMON	
12	TAC	DNR TAC1	TAC	151.3100	N	103.5	151.3100	N	103.5	Α	DNR TAC 1	
13	TAC	RED NET	TAC	153.8300	N	0.0	153.8300	N	156.7	Α	REDNET	
14	A/G	PRIMARY A/G	A/G	168.0125	N	0.0	168.0125	N	0.0	Α	Muckamuck Primary A/G	
15	A/G	A/G 3	A/G	166.6125	N	0.0	166.6125	N	0.0	Α	A/G 3	
16	AIRGUARD	AIRGUARD	EMERGENCY	168.6250	N	0.0	168.6250	N	110.9	Α	EMERGENCY USE	
5. S _l	pecial Instructions:		•									
6. I-	205 Prepared By: Co	mmunications Unit L	.eader	Name:	T	odd Bellef	euille COML		Signature:	000	o Sille Ill	

Muckamuck USFS Fire Suppression Repair Standards

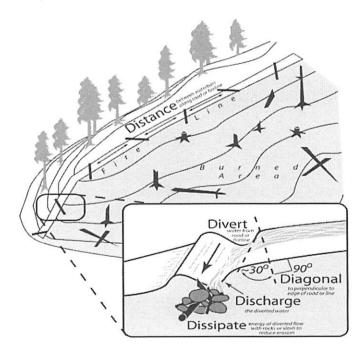
Objectives

The intent of the Suppression Repair Plan is to mitigate adverse effects to resources resulting from fire suppression activities on the Muckamuck Fire. Surface water/erosion control, maintenance of site productivity and the repair of high valued recreational sites are the focus of this work. Completion of this repair work is critical to reducing the impacts of erosion and sedimentation to minimize continued resource impacts.

Fire line repair - Hand line

- Hand crews will be used to implement water bars. No equipment will be used to install water bars.
- Pull berms and blend disturbed areas to fit the natural contours.
- Height of hand constructed water bars should average 12 inches. Use natural dips and rolls where possible.
- Place water bars on hand lines with the following general spacing guidelines, modify as needed to minimize soil erosion.
 - o < 15% 150' spacing (distance apart)</p>
 - o 15 to 30% slope 75' spacing
 - o 30% to 45% 50' spacing
 - > 45% slope 25' spacing
- Construct water bars at a 30 to 45-degree angle from the fire line, directing water away from the fire or other parts of the fire line. When feasible alternate directions of outlet.
- Pull soil, litter, duff and debris removed from the fire line back onto the line, to obliterate evidence of the line as much as possible. Strive for 65% to 85% ground cover. In grassy areas replace soil and sod and scatter rocks to naturalize the line location.
- Trenching should be filled in and the line restored to blend with the undisturbed soil contours.
- Block road access to hand lines to discourage recreational use, i.e. attempt to visually obscure junction of line and road and make travel on first section very inconvenient.

Water bars: the 5 Ds: "When locating and building water bars for all hand line and heavy equipment line, place them the right Distance apart, at a Diagonal to the fire line, so that they Divert, then Discharge, then Dissipate the energy of the flowing water. Be sure to make them deep enough so that they will be durable". *See diagram



<u>Fire line repair – Dozer line</u>

• Pull berms and blend disturbed areas to fit the natural contours – i.e. fully obliterate all dozer lines. Accomplishment of this specification is with use of an excavator (Type II or Type III preferred) with a 2 to 3 cubic yard bucket with an opposable thumb (rake is preferred), with capabilities of working on steep slopes (50 to 60%) and capable of having a 30 to 35 ft. reach. Do not use dozers for rehabbing fire lines.

- Compacted soils associated with suppression staging areas, helipads, and "intensively used" areas from suppression equipment should be de-compacted with an excavator bucket/rake to a depth of 12 to 18 inches (or less in the presence of underlying rock).
- Scatter branches, wood, rock, sod or other material to naturalize the fire line and prevent soil erosion. Hand
 crews may be used to augment scattering of wood debris/slash to naturalize the dozer line and prevent soil
 erosion.
- Hand crews may be used to construct water bars on slopes greater than 50% or in areas too hazardous for safe excavator operation, or in areas where excavator use may create additional surface disturbance.
- In areas designated for road or access re-closure, re-contour road prisms to original slope contours and/or construct closure structures (berms and/or boulders) to eliminate undesired vehicle access. Re-establish original road widths to no greater than 12 feet as approved or otherwise specified.
- Place water bars on dozer lines with the following general spacing guidelines, modify as needed to minimize soil erosion.
 - o 5 to 20% slope 120 to 150' spacing (distance apart)
 - o 21 to 34% slope 90' spacing
 - o > 35% slope 80' spacing.
- Construct water bars at a 30 to 45-degree angle from the fire line. Directing water away from the fire or other parts of the fire line. When feasible alternate directions of outlet (see diagram on bottom of page 3).
- Water bars should be 12" to 18" high
- Water bars should be cut into the fire line do not simply push up loose soil.
- Provide an outlet for water on the downslope end of the water bar.
- Slash can be placed at the outlet of the water bar to disperse runoff
- Block access to dozer lines that leave from existing open roads using boulders or natural large woody material, to eliminate motorized access.
- Block road access to dozer lines to discourage vehicle and recreational use, i.e. attempt to visually obscure
 junction of line and road and make travel on first section very inconvenient.
- Fire lines through damp or wet areas/riparian zones need to be rehabbed by hand if possible, or by the lightest equipment possible, with the least number of stream crossings. If damage is minimal, consider the possibility of not doing additional work. Consult READ if needed for area specifics.

Fire line repair-Machine line using a Feller Buncher

- Trees cut of merchantable size along roads for suppression and/or contingency lines will be processed and decked. Non merchantable trees cut will be consolidated for disposal.
- Stumps will be cut to a height less than 1'. Stumps with a diameter less than 4" will be cut to a 6" height.
- Machine tracks will be blended to fit natural contours. Bare soil will be scattered with slash and/or seed.
- Ditches and culvert openings will be cleared of debris to ensure hydraulic capacity.
- Machine fuel breaks using a road will follow the appropriate road maintenance specifications.
- Machine fuel breaks using a dozer line will follow the appropriate dozer line repair specifications.

Roads

- Repair road damage incurred during incident suppression. Grade damaged roads.
- Pull berm on outside edge of road including side cast material back onto the grade surface.
 Clean drain ditches to restore rolling dip functions.
- Harden or restore existing drainage surfaces and structures (water bars, rolling grade dips, and natural drains)
 with dips or raised berms capable of facilitating existing traffic flows and vehicle types.
- Construct rolling grade dips or water bars as necessary to accelerate stabilization of road surfaces from suppression impacts of increased traffic levels.
- Clean culverts inlets/outlets with backhoe and/or hand crews as needed to maintain hydraulic capacity.
- In extreme dry climates or soil conditions, compaction of rolling grade dips may be difficult or impossible without the addition of water. Soil moisture conditions should be conductive toward compaction. Auxiliary

- equipment such as a water truck (with spray nozzle) may be needed to facilitate re-establishment of road conditions, which were degraded by suppression activities.
- Pile, chip, or end haul slash to designated disposal areas where determined necessary along roadside areas prepared as fuel breaks. Leave firewood material (logs too big to be chipped) stacked along roadsides for future use and removal.
- Re-close roads opened for fire suppression to current hydrologically stable as designated in site specific repair standards that follow.

Maintenance Level One Roads

- Start work at back end of road and proceed toward entrance.
- Block access to dozer line to prevent future vehicle use.
- Do not construct water-bars within cultural resource boundaries if such are present.
- Ensure stream crossings are open to allow water flow down the channel. Streams should match natural upstream and downstream gradient.
- Water bars ensure end is open and clear of obstructions.
- Water bar Angle 30-45°. Angle so water is carried from road cut bank to road shoulder. Ensure water bars intercept ditchlines.
- Water bar Height minimum 18" compacted berm.
- Depth Construct water bars so the bottom of the ditch is a minimum 6" into solid soil. Do not construct any water bars completely from loose soil.
- Construct Earthen Barrier at entrance of road. Construct 4-8' feet high. Incorporate slash with the soil when available. Generate barrier from material removed from the road prism behind the berm and from surrounding bank material as available. Material excavated from the road prism behind the barrier shall not exceed 2 feet in depth.
- Construct water bars every 100 feet on steeper road segments (8% grade or steeper), 200 feet on 4 to 6% grade, and every 300' on flatter ground (0 to 4% grade).
- Where there are drainages crossing the roads such as culverts, build water bars immediately downhill from these features. Connect water bars to road ditchline when ditchlines are present.
- Apply dry seed mix to road prisms being reclosed or decommissioned to provide competition with noxious weeds.

Maintenance Level 2 and above Roads

- Remove berms that exist on outside shoulder of roads to ensure road surface drainage.
- Clean drainage ditches when such have been impacted by fire suppression activities. Restore rolling dips if present.
- Harden or restore existing drainage surfaces and structures (water bars, rolling grade dips, natural drains, ditchlines and culvert catch basins) consistent with their pre-fire suppression construction and character.
- Construction of features such as drain dips may require watering to allow soil compaction.
- Some roads may require additional work and materials to repair suppression related use. Typical examples arebut not limited to—surface gravel replacement and asphalt patching. Resource Advisors will identify roads that need such additional repair.

General

- Chip, pile or disperse large concentrations of unburned fuels created during suppression efforts, or pile as requested by the unit.
- Identify and inventory fences, signs, and other improvements damaged by the incident.
- Remove garbage, litter, etc. (including cigarette butts) from control lines, roads, drop points, and staging areas and dispose off-site.
- Signs/flagging removal: All signs and flagging will be removed from fire lines, roads, drop points, staging areas, camps, and water chances. Leave only flagging in place which marks hazards, resource concerns, etc.

- Avoid unnecessary felling. In particular, avoid cutting trees and snags >21" dbh. Do not cut or damage any
 green non-hazardous trees anywhere within the fire area unless the tree has been specifically marked for felling
 by the repair team.
- Approved certified weed-free, local grass seed mix will be applied in the fall to all areas disturbed by suppression activities by the unit.
- All suppression features will be GPS'd and GIS files given to the home unit.
- Stock ponds used for drafting water will be brought back to pre-fire levels. These locations will be provided by the home unit.
- All drainages (intermittent and perennial), meadows, and springs remove all soil, slash, and other debris that has been pushed into these areas. Streams should match natural upstream and downstream conditions.
- All water drafting sites (streams and lakes) return area to pre-fire condition.
- Remove all supplies, equipment and trash not needed for contingency.
- Remove all shelter wrap and staples.

MOP UP SPECIFICATIONS FOR DNR PROTECTED LANDS

Always consider over-head hazards prior to putting fire fighters in harm's way for mop up. Mitigate hazards and exposure as needed.

Achieve 100% mop-up along and inside the fire perimeter to a distance that is adequate to ensure the perimeter is secure to prevent the fire from escaping across existing containment lines.

To reduce hazards to firefighters during final mop-up, fall snags that pose "imminent" danger along all open roads within the fire perimeter.

Known spot fires outside the control lines will be 100% mopped up where appropriate to do so, a route to them will be flagged, and the perimeter of spots mapped in GIS.

Mop-up of partially burned areas further inside the lines will be determined on a case-by-case basis.

For structures and sensitive resources within the interior of the fire line, mop-up to a level to ensure that there will be no future effects from the fire.

As mop-up specifications are met on a Division, Operations will develop a plan for the resources and equipment to be left in place that may be required for future contingency actions.

Mop-up will be verified by aerial infrared equipment and/or gridded prior to fire turn back to Land Manager or Protecting Agency.

Notify Agency Representative if a cultural site is found during mop-up.

SUPPRESSION REHABILITATION STANDARDS FOR DNR PROTECTED LANDS

All Tractor and Hand Lines

- Place water bars on tractor and hand lines with the following spacing guidelines:
 - o 6-9% slope maximum of 300' apart
 - o 10-15% slope maximum of 200' apart
 - o 15-25% slope maximum of 100' apart
 - o 25% to 45% slope maximum of 50' apart
 - o Greater than 45% slope every 25-50'
 - **Spacing distances above should only be used as a guide. Use judgment in locating water bars to minimize soil erosion potential.
- Pull soil, litter, duff, and debris removed from the fire line back onto the line to cover non fire perimeter hand lines.
- Flatten large berms on all fire lines.
- Leave all freshly fallen trees as they lay. Do not limb or buck.
- Fire lines through damp or wet areas/riparian zones need to be rehabbed by hand if possible, or by the lightest equipment possible, with the least number of stream crossings. If damage is minimal, consider the possibility of not doing additional work.

- Block road access to hand and dozer lines to discourage recreational use. Attempt to visually
 obscure junction of line and road and make travel on first section very inconvenient (i.e. it will
 be too much trouble to access the line to be worth it, especially for motorcycles).
- Disperse large concentrations of unburned fuels created during suppression efforts.

Tractor Lines

- Tractor lines on slopes less than 40%:
 - Water bars may be installed by tractor or track mounted excavator. Use of excavator is preferred where berms need to be pulled in. Pile smaller debris and slash at the outlet of water bars.
 - o Use only D-6 class or smaller tractors, 4 or 6 way blade preferred
 - Install tractor or excavator water bars at a 20 to 30 degree angle to the fire line
 - Height of bars on machines constructed water bars not to exceed 24".
 - o Rip areas of compacted soil.
- Tractor lines on slopes greater than 40%
 - o Install water bars by hand or with an excavator
 - o Install water bars at a 30 to 45 degree angle to the fire line.

Hand Lines

- Height of hand constructed water bars should average 12 inches. Soils in most of the burned areas are light and loose (pumice derived), making bars less than 12 inches much less effective.
 In heavier soils, bar heights of 8-12" are acceptable.
- For hand line rehab, construct water bars at a 45-degree angle from the line, directing water away from the fire or other parts of the fire line.

Trees and Felling Operations

- Leave all freshly fallen trees as they lay. Do not limb or buck.
- Avoid cutting trees and snags >20" dbh. Do not cut or damage any green non-hazardous trees anywhere within the fire area unless the tree has been specifically marked for felling by the rehab team. Large Trees are in short supply in the local area due to past fires.

General Rehabilitation Concerns

- Identify and inventory fences, signs, and other improvements damaged by the incident
- Repair road damage incurred during incident suppression.
- Remove garbage, litter, etc., from control lines, roads, drop points, and staging areas and dispose off-site.
- Signs/flagging removal: All signs and flagging will be removed from fire lines, roads, drop points, staging areas, camps, and water chances.

5. Pre-Control					Control or Abatement Action (Engineering, Administrative, PPE, Avoidance, Education, etc)	7. Post-Control			
8. Location	9. Hazard	10. Hazard Probability	11. Severity Code	12. RAC	Actions (double-click in cell then click alt + enter to add a line)	13. Hazard Probability	14. Severity Code	15. RAC	16. Acceptable (Yes/No)
On Incident	Heavy Equipment Operations	Likely B	Catastrophic I	Critical	~ Ensure communications are established with operators. Use hand signals if other communications are unavailable. Maintain a 50'-100' exclusion area around equipment and increase it to 1 1/2 times tree height when in timber. Use a spotter when backing. Avoid working below heavy equipment.	Occasional C	Catastrophic I	Serious	Yes
On Incident	Driving & Traffic	Likely B	Critical II	Serious	~ Practice "Defensive Driving" techniques traveling on all roads and city streets. ~ Use spotters when backing. ~ Honk horn to alert personnel when backing. ~ Keep clutter off dash and inside cab. ~ Follow Driving LCES (Lights, Chock blocks, Emergency brake, Seat belts. ~ Always use headlights. ~ Yield to pedestrians and bicycles. ~ Observe posted speed limits. ~ Use the 3 second rule for following distance when driving. ~ Use chock blocks, turn wheels into hill. ~ Avoid distractions (eating, cell phones, radio). ~ Ensure that windshields are kept clean of dust and bugs.	Occasional C	Critical II	Moderate	Yes
On Incident	Unplanned Public Interaction	Likely B	Significant III	Moderate	~ Be alert to non-fire personnel in areas with suppression personnel.	Rarely D	Catastrophic I	Moderate	Yes
On Incident	Unburned Area/Reburn Potential	Likely B	Significant III	Moderate	 Monitor weather. Base actions upon observed and predicted fire behavior. LCES Checklist (IRPG pg. 6). Look Up, Down and Around (IRPG pg. 2-3). 	Occasional C	Significant III	Minor	Yes

reparer's Signature

Ma

Incident:	Date:	Operational Period:
Muckamuck	September 9, 2021	Day



SAFETY MESSAGE SAFETY IS OUR FIRST PRIORITY



Fire fighter safety comes first on every fire, every time

SAFETY THOUGHT "Listen for the Alarm".

Watch for changing conditions, be aware of "watch out" situations, be alert to indicators of fire behavior.

Lookouts Communications Escape routes Safety zones

In the wildland fire environment, four basic safety hazards confront the firefighter - lightning, fire-weakened timber, rolling rocks, and entrapment by running fires. Each firefighter must know the interconnection of LCES - lookouts, communications, escape routes, and safety zones. LCES should be established before fighting the fire: Select lookouts, set up a communications, choose escape routes, and select safety zones.

SNAG HAZARDS

Falling trees and snags are one of the leading causes of death and injury for wildland firefighters.

ENVIRONMENTAL/OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS

- Strong winds
- Night operations
- Swampy wet areas
- Fire Weakened and Dead Trees
- Helicopter bucket drops and rotor down drafts
- Retardant drops
- Vibrations from heavy equipment and motor vehicles operating nearby
- Sandy loose soil

SNAG/GREEN TREE HAZARD ALERT CHECKLIST

- Snags/green trees are falling or have fallen in work area.
- Leaning or hung-up trees are present in work area.
- Trees with dead or broken tops and limbs overhead are present in work area..
- Crews are working in a hazard tree area at night.
- Crews are working in a hazard tree area and the wind is blowing.
- Crews are working in an area where trees have been burning for some time.
- Crewmembers are taking a break in a hazard tree area (staging area, drop points, camps, etc.).
- Lookouts have not been posted in a hazard tree area.
- Lookouts are not advising the crew of the presence of hazard trees.
- Winds are increasing or are predicted to increase.
- Tree height within fire perimeter equals or exceeds distance to control line.
- Escape routes pass through hazard tree area.

Date Prepared
 9/8/2021

3. Time Prepared 1800

Social Media

What if there was a tragedy on this incident that affected you? How would you want your family and friends to find out?

We live in a social media world where information sharing is often instantaneous by cell phones, text messages, emails, video clips, photos, Facebook posts, Twitter, blogs, etc.

If an incident tragedy should occur, our Team will follow specific protocols in order to notify the appropriate people as quickly and sensitively as possible. Please allow our process to take place; and, consider those affected, before sharing sensitive information with others.













Muckamuck Fire LOGISTICS INFORMATION

ICP:

0600-2200

SHOWERS:

Conconully Camp: 0600 to 2200

ICP: 0600 to 2200

Showers are closed 1200-1400 at both camps.

MEALS:

Conconully Camp: 0600 to 0800 and 1915 to 2115

ICP: 0600-0900 and 1800-2100

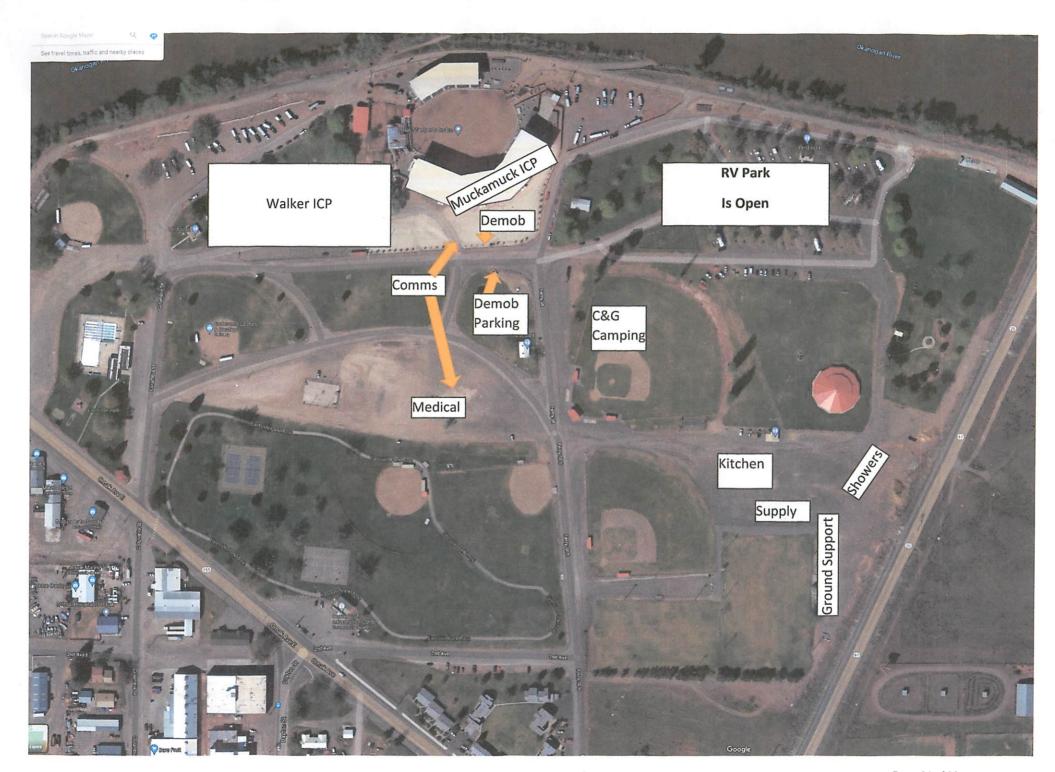
All hours are subject to change at both locations.

SUPPLY ORDERING: Please get those to C&G staff during briefing. Also, they can be turned in to Division Supervisors and Operations.

- There is a map for added information.
- Please keep vehicle speeds down through fire camp, ICP, and local roads.
- If you need assistance after hours, please contact Mike Bucy from Logistics: 509-953-3189.
- Masks must be worn inside & outside at camp and in vehicles with others.
- All lunches will be at the reefer. Camp crew will assist you in handing out ice and lunches. Water and sports drinks will be at the reefer as well. Try and send as few people as possible to pick up supplies.
- Cell service is set up for Verizon and AT&T. T-Mobile has Wi-Fi. If your phone has Wi-fi calling enabled, it will work with any system. Each cellular system has a limited amount of users at one time. Please be patient and courteous.

Network: DNR2021Guest Password: Emergency2@

• The RV park at each site is still active with visitors. Please be cognizant of their actions and yours.









Fire Information Resources

Resource Logo	Weblink	QR Code
FOREST SERVICE USDA FOREST SERVICE	https://www.facebook.com/colvillenf	
NORTHEAST WASHINGTON INTERAGENCY Type 3 Incident Management Team	https://www.facebook.com/newimt3	
<i>i</i> InciWeb - Incident Information System	https://inciweb.nwcg.gov/incident/7786/	

Muckamuck Finance Information

WA-COF-2290 P6N75D-0621 221-KTR

NEIMT Team 2 Finance Contact Information:

Cari Richardson, FSC3, 509-936-3563 Michelle Leonard, FSC3(T), 509-640-8716

Please continue to submit all documents electronically to incident finance email: **2021.muckamuck.finance@firenet.gov**

All email transmissions shall include in the subject line:

- > Resource Number
- > Resource Name
- > Type of document being emailed (example: CTR, ST Shift Ticket, Agreement, etc.)

CTRs and Shift Tickets MUST be signed by your incident supervisor

There will be a collection box available for shift tickets and CTRs at Conconully State Park after briefing each morning.

Starting 9/7/2021, all resources assigned to the Muckamuck incident will demob in person at Muckamuck ICP at the Omak Stampede Grounds. Please be sure you have all time submitted (CTRs and shift tickets MUST be signed by incident supervisor).

MUCKAMUCK DEMOB SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10		
O-451	KEVIN PETERSON (HIOP)	0700
C-3002	FRANCO REFORESTATION (HC2)	0730
E-119	RIVERBANKS (DOZ2)	0800
E-154	JUSTIN PITTS (GRD)	0800
E-129	LIBERTY WILDFIRE (T5)	0830
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11		
E-121	KL FARMS (T6)	0700
SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 12		
E-373	S&L SERVICES (WT2)	0700
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13		
O-810	ROB MULROONEY (EMTF)	0730
	• •	
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15	· ·	
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15 E-157	METHOW RIVER WILDFIRE (T4)	0700
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	METHOW RIVER WILDFIRE (T4) REMS TEAM	0700 0730
E-157	• •	
E-157 S-2	• •	
E-157 S-2 THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16	REMS TEAM	0730
E-157 S-2 THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16 C-39	REMS TEAM ASI ARDEN INC (HC2)	0730 0700
E-157 S-2 THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16 C-39 E-77	REMS TEAM ASI ARDEN INC (HC2)	0730 0700
E-157 S-2 THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16 C-39 E-77 FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17	REMS TEAM ASI ARDEN INC (HC2) TORCH FIRE (T6)	0730 0700 0730
E-157 S-2 THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16 C-39 E-77 FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17 E-75	ASI ARDEN INC (HC2) TORCH FIRE (T6) FIRE CONTROL (T6)	0730 0700 0730
E-157 S-2 THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16 C-39 E-77 FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17 E-75 E-153	ASI ARDEN INC (HC2) TORCH FIRE (T6) FIRE CONTROL (T6)	0730 0700 0730

COVID-19 Exposure Risk

COVID-19 is spread mainly from person to person. Spread occurs more commonly between people who are in close contact (within about 6 feet for a total of 15 minutes or more over a 24-hour period) with one another through respiratory droplets that come from the mouth or nose when an infected person coughs, sneezes, sings, or speaks. COVID-19 can be spread by people who are not showing symptoms or before their symptoms begin.

COVID-19 is spread in three main ways:

- Breathing in air when close to an infected person exhaling small droplets and
 particles containing the virus. Spread that occurs by breathing in air that contains
 the virus when you are not in close contact is uncommon but occurs more often in
 enclosed spaces with poor ventilation (airflow) and when you are exposed for a
 longer period of time.
- 2. Having small droplets and particles containing the virus land in the eyes, nose, or mouth, especially through splashes and sprays like a cough or sneeze.
- 3. Touching the eyes, nose, or mouth with hands that have the virus on them. It is also uncommon for COVID-19 to spread through contact with contaminated surfaces. This means that you are unlikely to get COVID-19 by touching your eyes, nose, or mouth after touching a contaminated item

Close contact means:

- Being within 6 feet of a person who has COVID-19 for a total of 15 minutes or more over a 24-hour period, or
- Having direct exposure to respiratory secretions (e.g., being coughed or sneezed on, sharing a drinking glass or utensils, kissing), or
- Caring for a person who has COVID-19, or
- Living with a person who has COVID-19

For more information visit www.cdc.gov

WILDLAND FIRE COVID-19 SCREENING TOOL

Today or in the past 24 hours, have you had any of the following symptoms¹?

Symptom							
Cough more than exp	ected?						
Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing?							
Fever? Chills?							
Muscle pain, outside	your normal f	or firefighting	g?				
Sore throat?							
New loss of taste or s	smell?						
Fatigue, outside your	normal for fi	refighting?					
Headache, outside yo	our normal for	firefighting?					
Congestion or runny	nose, outside	your normal i	for firefighting	g?			
Nausea or vomiting	######################################			······································			
Diarrhea							
* Take temperature v	vith no-touch	thermometer,	if available *	•			

Instructions for Screening

Item	What to Do
If resource has a cough that is more than expected, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, or any other symptoms listed.	DO NOT MOBILIZE
At Entries:	DO NOT ANNOUNCE
Consider adequate number of personnel needed for screening. Although medical personnel are ideal, screeners do not have to be medically trained.	Ask individual to step aside and follow the steps below.
If resource has cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, or any other listed symptoms including fever (over 100.4) at entry.	

Steps to follow						
Escort symptomatic	individual to	isolation area.				
Isolation support per	sonnel shoul	d begin docum	entation.			***************************************
Have symptomatic is	ndividual cor	ntact Superviso	r for further d	irection.		
Notify public health	officials.		annia ar mari da mari da Garanda (an mari da la			
Have individual tran	sported as ap	propriate.				
Protect and secure as Information (PHI).	ny collected	Personal Identi	fiable Informa	ation (PII) or Po	ersonal Heal	th

 $^{{}^{1} \,} Symptoms \, of \, Coronavirus \\ \underline{https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/symptoms-testing/symptoms.html}$

ACTIVITY LOG (ICS 214)

1. Incident Name: 2.			2. Operational Period: D	ate From	: Date To:
			Ti	ime From	n: Time To:
3. Name: 4. ICS			S Position:		5. Home Agency (and Unit):
6. Resources Assig	gned:			-	
Nan			ICS Position		Home Agency (and Unit)
				-	
			110		
7. Activity Log:	Notable Activities				
Date/Time	Notable Activities			<u> </u>	
_				 -	
					
					······································
			<u> </u>		
	-				
8. Prepared by: Na	ame:		Position/Title:	_	Signature:
ICS 214, Page 1					

MEDICAL PLAN (ICS 206 WF)

1. Incident/Project Name					2. Operational Period						
Muckamuck					Date/Time 09/09/2021 0700-1900						
3. Ambulance Servi	ices				-		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	A STATE OF THE STA	
Name Complete Address			idress	Phone & EMS Frequency			Advanced Life Support (ALS) Yes No				
Lifeline Omak, WA					Command 911 (secondary)		x				
4. Air Ambulance S	ervices						+ TE			1 T	
Name			Phone			•	Туре о	f Aircra	aft & Capabili	ty	
ife Flight: Brewster,	WA		Comman		Critical Air Transport						
30 min) Airlift NW: Wenatche 45 min)	e, WA		I (second Command I (second	d			Cri	tical Ai	r Transport		
5. Hospitals		1 31	1 (3000114	ary)	<u> </u>						
Operate Section DD° MM.MMM Complete Address		ordinate Sta ees Decima	andard Minutes N - Lat	Travel Air	Time Gnd	Helipa Phone Yes		ipad No		Level of Care Facility	
Three Rivers	Lat:	48° 06		25	50		Х		Level 4 Tra		
Hospital 507 Hospital Way	Long 119° 46.97 W min min 509		509-645-								
Brewster, WA			3300								
Mid Valley	Lat:	48° 23		15	25 min		x		Level 4 Trauma		
Hospital 310 Jasmine St	Long	119° 3	2.79 W	min		509-429- 0922		!			
Omak, WA	VHF:	155.34	0								
Central Washington Hospital 1201 Miller St Wenatchee, WA	Lat: Long : VHF:	155.34	9.27 W	30 min	150 min	509-662- 1511	х		Level 2/3 1	Trauma	
Harborview	Lat:	47° 36		60	320		х		Level 1 Tr	auma and burn	
Medical Center	Long	121°	9.30 W		min	206-744- 4074			center		
325 9 th Ave Seattle, WA	VHF	155.34	10	min		4074					
	anch	Сар	ability		. :	Personnel					
Division C (Muckamuck) REMS Team Wilde Medics				Vilderne	ess	Colin Stenhouse					
Division F (Muckar											
Division X (Muckar • Field Incide		EMTF		l be co	mmuni	Rob Mulrocated on the		ent co	mmand cha	nnel.	
See COVID	plan f	or COVID	related in	ncident	s.	ated by goin					
7. Prepared By (Medical Unit Leader) 8. Date/Tim				1	9. Reviewed By (Safety Officer) 10. Date/Ti						
				.,		Robert A.	Schwi	esow		09/08/21 1800	

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MEDICAL PLAN (ICS 206 WF)

Controlled Unclassified Information//Basic

Medical Incident Report

FOR A NON-EMERGENCY INCIDENT, WORK THROUGH CHAIN OF COMMAND TO REPORT AND TRANSPORT INJURED PERSONNEL AS NECESSARY.

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY: IDENTIFY ON SCENE INCIDENT COMMANDER BY NAME AND POSITION AND ANNOUNCE "MEDICAL EMERGENCY" TO INITIATE RESPONSE FROM IMT COMMUNICATIONS/DISPATCH.

U	se the follow	wing items to comm	unicate situ	ation to comm	unications/dispatch.
Ex: "Commun 2. INCIDENT ST Ex: "Communi	ications, Div. Alpha. St ' ATUS: Provide incide cations, I have a Red p	DISPATCH (Verify correct frequency from the control of the control of parties	atients) and command s	structure.	rest Road 1 at (Lat./Long.) This will be the Trout
	rgency / Transport lority	 RED / PRIORITY 1 Life or Ex: Unconscious, difficulty breat YELLOW / PRIORITY 2 Ser Ex: Significant trauma, unable to GREEN / PRIORITY 3 Minor Ex: Sprains, strains, minor heat 	athing, bleeding severe ricus injury or iline to walk, 2° – 3° burns no or injury or iliness.	ly, 2° – 3° bums more the ss. Evacuation may ot more than 1-3 palm siz	n 4 paim sizes, heat stroke, disoriented. be DELAYED If necessary. es.
	njury or Illness & sm of Injury				Brief Summary of Injury or Illness (Ex: Unconscious, Struck by Falling Tree)
Transpo	rt Request				Air Ambulance / Short Haul/Hoist Ground Ambulance / Other
Patient	Location				Descriptive Location & Lat. / Long. (WGS84)
Incide	nt Name				Geographic Name + "Medical" (Ex: Trout Meadow Medical)
On-Scene Incid	dent Commander				Name of on-scene IC of Incident within an Incident (Ex: TFLD Jones)
Patie	nt Care				Name of Care Provider (Ex: EMT Smith)
. INITIAL PATI	ENT ASSESSMENT	Complete this section for each patien	nt as applicable (start witi	n the most severe patient)	
Patient Assessm	ent: See IRPG page	106			
Treatment:					
. TRANSPORT	PLAN:	= -			
Evacuation Local	tion (if different): (De	escriptive Location (drop point, i	ntersection, etc.) or i	Lat. / Long.) Patient's	ETA to Evacuation Location:
lelispot / Extract	ion Site Size and Ha	azards:			
. ADDITIONAL	RESOURCES / EQU	IPMENT NEEDS:			
		ilization Devices, AED, Oxygen, Trad	uma Bag, IV/Fluid(s), S	plints, Rope rescue, Whe	eled litter, HAZMAT, Extrication
. COMMUNICA	TIONS: Identify Sta	ite Air/Ground EMS Frequenc	ies and Hospital Co	ontacts as applicable	
Function	Channel Name/Num		Tone/NAC *	Transmit (TX)	Tone/NAC *
COMMAND					
AIR-TO-GRND					
TACTICAL				·	
. CONTINGENC head.	Y: Considerations: i	f primary options fall, what action	s can be implemented	in conjunction with pri	nary evacuation method? Be thinking

8. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Updates/Changes, etc.

REMEMBER: Confirm ETA's of resources ordered. Act according to your level of training. Be Alert. Keep Caim. Think Clearly. Act Decisively.