INCIDENT ACTION PLAN

MUCKAMUCK FIRE

Tuesday, September 14, 2021 0700-1900 Operational Period

PERCENT OF EFFORT

Ground	Daily	Approval
DNR	%	
USFS	%	
BLM	%	

Air	Daily	Approval
DNR	%	
USFS	%	
BLM	%	



WA-COF-2290 221-KTR P6 N75D - 0621



Incident Objectives	1. Incident Name	2. Date Prepared	3. Time Prepared									
Incident Objectives	Muckamuck	9/13/2021	1800									
4. Operational Period (Date and Ti	me)											
9/14/2021 0700-1900												
5. General Control Objectives for the Incident (include Alternatives)												
 Implement risk management practices that provide for the safety of firefighters, other responders, and the public 												
 Establish control line in areas exposures are commensurate 	s where there is a high probabi e with expected benefits.	lity of success and ensu	re that firefighters									
 Conduct suppression repair a damage to resources. 	activities in conjunction with re	source advisors to prev	ent long term									
 Foster good relationships with accurate and timely information 	th local cooperators, stakehold tion.	ers and the public by pr	oviding coordinated,									
 Keep cost commensurate with Agency Administrators and It 	th values at risk by working wit ncident Business Advisor.	h local unit and coordin	ating with the									
1	es assigned to the fire in a man inment to strengthen relations		iitive and									
Utilize the Best Management fighters.	t Practices to reduce the sprea	d of COVID-19 to the co	mmunity and fire									
6. Weather Forecast for Operation	nal Period	***	II.									
See attached weather foreca	ast.											
7. General Safety Message												
 Provide for firefighter and 	public safety at all times.											
Monitor compliance of 10	and 18 by all incident perso	nnel.										
Adhere to 2:1 work/rest r	atio for all fire line personne	el.										
	Aviation safety is high priority. Assess the risk against the benefit of the mission.											
8. Attachments (check if attached)											
 ☑ Organization List (ICS 203) ☑ Assignment List (ICS 204) ☑ Weather ☑ Communication Plan (ICS 205) ☑ HR Message ☑ Safety Message ☑ Medical Plan (ICS 206) ☑ Incident Maps 												
9. Prepare	d by (BSC)	10. Approved by (IC)										
ICS-202	a by (F3C)	To. Approved by (IC)										

ORGANIZATION ASSIG	NMENT LIST						
1. Incident Name	Muckamuck	9. OPERATIONS SECT	9. OPERATIONS SECTION				
2. Date 9/13/2021	3. Time 1800	Field	Josh Tellessen				
4. Operational Period	9/14/2021 0700-1900	Planning	Jimmy Corvino				
5. INCIDENT COMMANDER	& STAFF	b. Division C					
Incident Commander	Bill Dennstaedt	Division Supervisor	Tim Love				
Deputy Incident Commander	Shane Robson	Deputy					
Safety Officer	Bob Schwiesow	d. Division X					
Safety Officer	Don Fortier	Division Supervisor	Max Leyva				
Information Officer	Don Malone	Deputy					
6. AGENCY REPRESENTATI	VE	d. Roads/Repair Gr	oup				
Agency	Name	Division Supervisor	Brian Pratt				
USFS AA	Kathy Johnson	Deputy	Dylan Chester (T)				
DNR AA	Pat Ryan	10. FINANCE SECTIO	10. FINANCE SECTION				
BLM AREP	Chris Sheridan	Chief	Cari Richardson				
BOR AREP	Kendra Fallon	Deputy	Michelle Leonard				
Okanogan FD 9	Tim Tugaw	Time Unit	Marcy Johnson				
Okanogan DEM	Maurice Goodall	11. CONTACTS / OTHER INFORMATION					
REAF	Melissa Pingree	NEWICC 509.685.6900 Fax 509.685.6918					
REAF	Matt Quinn	ICP Security: Janell Bissonette 845.926.0578					
7. PLANNING SECTION		Spike Camp/Roads Secu	Spike Camp/Roads Security: Jace Baxter 360.255.1444				
Chief	Debbie Plummer						
GISS (T)	Willa Zyskowski		,				
ITSS	Bradley Dilg	Prepared by (Resource	Unit Leader)				
8. LOGISTICS SECTION		Del	bbie Plummer, PSC3				
Chief	Matt Lougy						
Deputy	Mike Bucy						
Basecamp Manager	Mark Williams						
Spike Camp Manager	Paul Footen						
Communications	Todd Bellfueille						

DIVISION ASSIGNMENT LIST 1. Brai					nch		2. Division /	Group	<u>.</u> .	С	
3. Incid	ent Name				4. Operation	onal Period					
Muckamuck						te: 9/14/2 0	021	Tir	me: 07 0	0-1900	
5. Oper	ations Personnel			·							
Field C)perations	Jos	h Tellessen		Planning C	perations			Jimmy Co	orvino	
Safety	Officer	Bob	Schwiesow		Division/G	roup Supervisor	-		Tim Lo		
	urces Assigned this Pe	riod					_				
RO#	Strike Team/Ta	isk	Leader		# People	Contact (phone etc.	_	EMT		Remarks	,
C-3002	Franco Reforestation	HC2 Eseq	uiel Tapia		20				LWD 9/16		
E-151	Chewack Wildfire T4	Greg	Issac		3		<u> </u>		LWD 9/23		
E-157	Methow River Wildfi	re T4 Clayt	on Bell		3				LWD 9/14		
E-158	S&L Services WT2	Clay	on Murrah		1				LWD 9/24		
E-77	Torch Fire T6	Andr	ew Gruzin		3				LWD 9/15		
S-2	REMS Team	Colir	Stenhouse		4			Ø	LWD 9/20		
-							<u></u>				
					34						
7. Wor	k Assignments										
2) Co	trol and mop-up, as ordinate and suppo		repair.							ei gan	
1) RE	AD's will rove all div	isions. READ's	will check	in and ou	ut with Div	ision Superviso	ors.				
9. Com	munication Summary								eal day esta		
. esti	Function	Name	Mode				Frequency				
		MMAND 3 or 4	N			See Communica	tion Plan ICS	205 for	Details		
	TACTICAL	TAC 5	N				_				
		PRIMARY A/G	N	1 (555)			D-1-		Ī .		
repare	ed by (RESL)		Approved	DY (PSC)			Date:		Time:		

Debbie Plummer

1800

9/13/2021

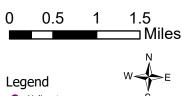
	DIVISION ASSIGNM	ENT LIST	1. Branch		2. Division /	Group	X
3. Incid	ent Name		4. Operati	onal Period			
	Muckam	uck	Da	ate: 9/14/2	021	Tir	ne: 0700-1900
5. Oper	rations Personnel		- L		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Field (Operations	Josh Tellessen	Planning (Operations		Ji	immy Corvino
Safety	Officer	Bob Schwiesow	Division/G	iroup Superviso	r		Max Leyva
6. Reso	urces Assigned this Period						
RO#	Strike Team/Task Force/Resou	ırce Leader	# People	Contact (phone etc	_	EMT	Remarks
C-39	ASI Arden Inc. HC2	Ignacio Sartana	18				LWD 9/15
E-150	Methow River Wildfire T4	Jordi Hernandez	3				LWD 9/17
E-153	Liberty Wildfire T6	Cliff Middleton	3				LWD 9/16
E-3039	H&H Enterprises WT2	Marc Anderson	1				LWD 9/23
			25				
7. Wor	k Assignments					•	
2) Co	trol and mop-up, as neede ordinate and support support ial Instructions AD's will rove all divisions.	oression repair.	n and out with Divi	sion Superviso	o de la compaña de la comp Drs.		
9. Comi	munication Summary		apara ana an a ana ana ana ana ana ana ana a				
	Function Nan				equency		
	OMMAND COMMAN		Se	e Communication	n Plan ICS205	for Det	ails
	TACTICAL TAC						
Dunger	AIR PRIMAR		h /DCC)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Data		Time
repare	ed by (RESL)	Approved	Debbie Plumme	r	Date: 9/13/20	21	Time: 1800

DIVISION ASSIGNMENT LIST			1. Branch		2. Division /	Group	Roads/Repair	
3. Incide	ent Name			4. Oper	ational Period	.		
Muckamuck					Date: 9/14	/2021	Tir	me: 0700-1900
5. Oper	ations Personnel							
Field C	perations	Jo	osh Tellessen	Plannin	g Operations			Jimmy Corvino
Safety	Officer	Во	ob Schwiesow	Divisior	n/Group Supervi	isor	Bria	n Pratt/Dylan Chester (T)
6. Reso	urces Assigned thi	s Period						
RO#	Strike Team Force/Reso	•	Leader	# Peop	ie i	one, radio freq, etc.)	EMT	Remarks
0-123	HEQB (T)	E	ric Weinke	1				LWD 9/15
O-3009	REAF	N	/like Quinn	1				LWD 9/15
0-3035	HEQB (T)	C	raig Heinema	nn 1				LWD 9/24
O-3039	HEQB (T)	Je	esse Connor	1				LWD 9/24
C-3004	GFP Enterprises H	C2 R	loger Lemieus	20				LWD 9/24
E-131	Anderson Excavat	ion EXCA2 C	hris Anthrop	2				LWD 9/23
E-3030	TJ's Mech Cutting	EXCA3 C	Courtney Kamp	py 2				LWD 9/22
E-3033	Rude Logging SKD	1 K	eith Doughart	y 2				LWD 9/22
E-3034	McCuen Enterpris	e FEL2 R	lichard Elder	2				LWD 9/21
E-3043 JB Contractors LLC EXCA3			2				LWD 9/25	
					Î			
			- .	34				
7. Worl	Assignments							
2) Co	oritize repair wo ordinate work ac	-		urrent resource	es available.			
8. Spec	ial Instructions							
1) RE	AD's will rove all	divisions. REA	AD's will ched	k in and out wi	ith Division Su	pervisors.		
9. Comr	nunication Summ	ary	in on i	i Ali	11.	eti ika i	larr a	
	Function	Name	Mode		Hall I Hall I Hall I	Frequency		
	OMMAND	COMMAND 3 o			See Comm	unication Plan I	CS205 f	or Details
	TACTICAL	TAC 8	N N				_	
Dranara	AIR	PRIMARY A/O		ed by (PSC)	<u> </u>	Date:		Time:
Prepared by (RESL) Approved by					Debbie Plummer 9/13/2021 1800			

IAP Map

Muckamuck Fire WA-COF-2290 09/13/2021

13,297 acres at 09/12/2021



- Helispot
- Division Break
- Drop Point
- Camp
- Hot Spot Spot Fire
- Fire Station
- Mobile Weather Unit
- Completed Dozer Line
- Completed Fuel Break
- Completed Hand Line
- Completed Road as Line
- Access or Improved Road
- Fire Edge
- Contained Line
- Wildfire Daily Fire Perimeter
- U.S. Forest Service
- Bureau of Land Management
 - Other Federal Land
- State Land
- Other Land, Including Private

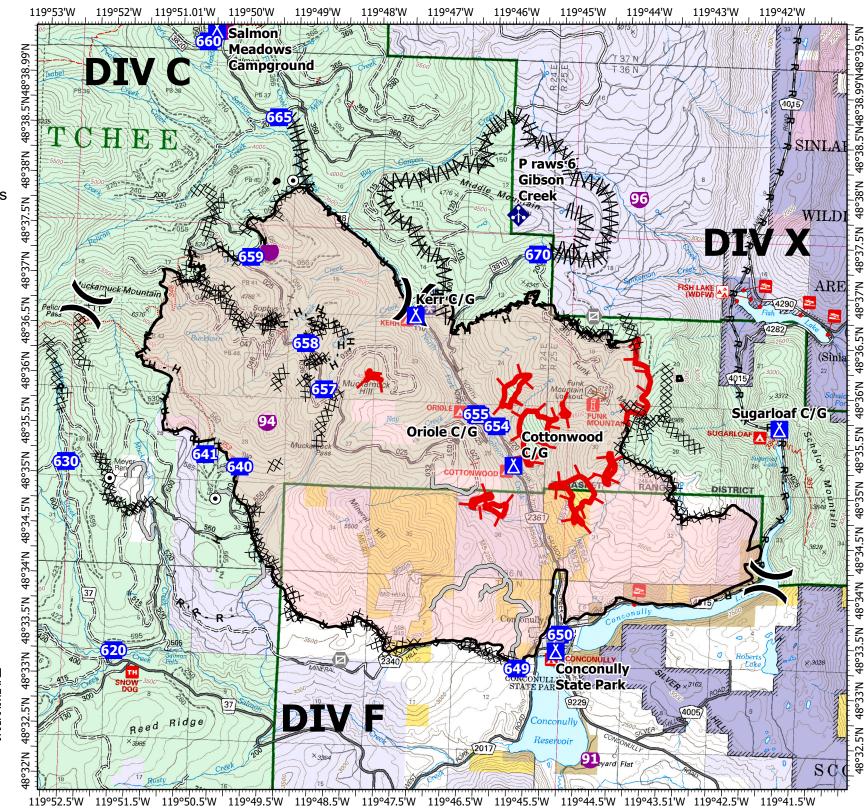
Active Roads

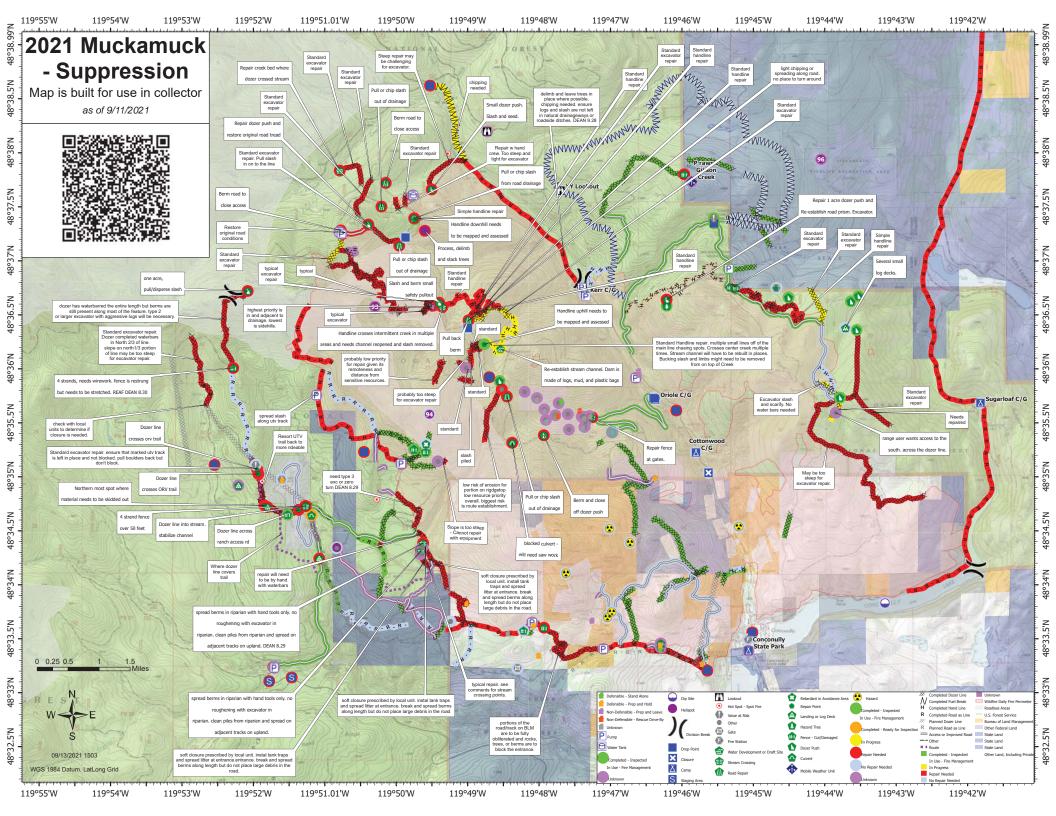
- 1: DNR Active Roads
- --- 9: Non DNR Roads Unknown Status





WSZ 9/13/2021 1442





WEATHER

1. Incident Name

Muckamuck

2. Date Prepared

9/13/2021

3. Time Prepared

1800

DISCUSSION

*** Breezy to Windy Wednesday afternoon and Evening ***

Tuesday will be becoming increasingly shaded due to cloud cover increasing aloft ahead of an incoming cold front. There could be a sprinkle by afternoon. South wind will also increase ahead of the front potentially gusting to 20 mph on the east side of Muckamuck. On Wednesday, the cold front moves through increasing west and northwest wind late afternoon and evening Wednesday with gusts to 25 mph. Thursday is dry with lighter wind. Friday expect rain to be incoming with significantly cooler daytime temperatures into the weekend especially on the higher terrain.

weekend especially on the higher terrain.
TUESDAY
Sky/weatherMostly sunny becoming mostly cloudy by afternoon with a few sprinkles possible.
CWR percent.
LAL1.
Max temperatureAround 60.
Min humidity43 percent.
Wind (20 ft)Variable wind to 4 mph becoming south wind 5 to 9 mph gusting to 18 mph by early
afternoon especially east and south Muckamuck.
Mixing height0 ft AGL in the morning increasing to 4000 ft
AGL in the afternoon.
Transport windsSouth around 10 to 15 mph.
Haines Index4 or low potential for large plume dominated fire growth.
TUESDAY NIGHT
Sky/weatherMostly cloudy with a slight chance of rain in the evening. Then becoming partly cloudy.
CWR5 percent.
LAL1.
Min temperatureAround 45.
Max humidity70 percent.
Wind (20 ft)West winds 6 to 8 mph.
Mixing height1500 ft AGL in the evening decreasing to near the surface overnight.
Transport windsBecoming West around 8 mph.
Haines Index3 or very low potential for large plume dominated fire growth.
WEDNESDAY
Sky/weatherSunny.
CWR0 percent.
LAL1.
Max temperatureAround 52.
Min humidity36 percent.
Wind (20 ft)West to Northwest winds 6 to 8 mph gusting to 20 mph by afternoon.
Mixing height0 ft AGL in the morning increasing to 11000 ft AGL in the afternoon.
Transport windsNorthwest around 15 mph.

9. Prepared by (Name and Position)

Debbie Plummer, PSC3

Haines Index......3 or very low potential for large plume dominated fire growth.

INCIDENT RADIO COMMUNICATIONS PLAN 1-205				. INCIDENT NAME 2. DATE/TIME PREPARED						3. OPERATIONAL PERIOD DATE/TIME			
				Muckamuck	Fire	9	09/13/2	2021			09/14/2021 DAYS		
4. BASIC RADIO CHANNEL UTILIZATION													
Ch #	Function	Channel Name	Assignment	RX Freq	N/W	RX Tone/NAC	TX Freq	N/W	TX Tone/NAC	Mode Analog (A) Digital (D) Mixed (M)	Remarks		
1	COMMAND	FOREST ROCK	CMD	170.4750	N	146.2	164.9625	N	110.9	Α	FS RPTR ROCK		
2	COMMAND	FOREST TUNK	CMD	170.4750	N	146.2	164.9625	N	141.3	А	FS RPTR TUNK		
3	MUCK COMMAND	CMD 3	CMD	151.1375	N	136.5	159.4725	N	136.5	А	CMD 3 ON BUCK MNTN (LINKED)		
4	MUCK COMMAND	CMD 4	CMD	154.4525	N	136.5	158.7375	N	136.5	Α	CMD 4 ON FUNK MNTN (LINKED)		
5	TAC	TAC 5	DIV C	154.2800	N	156.7	154.2800	N	156.7	Α	DIVISION C *****		
6	TAC	TAC 6	DIVF	154.2650	N	156.7	154.2650	N	156.7	А	DIVISION F *****		
7	TAC	TAC 7	DIV X	154.2950	N	156.7	154.2950	N	156.7	А	DIVISION X *****		
8	TAC	TAC 8	R/R GRP	154.2725	N	156.7	154.2725	N	156.7	А	ROADS AND REPAIR GROUP		
9	TAC	TAC 9		154.2875	N	156.7	154.2875	N	156.7	А			
10	TAC	FS TAC	FS TAC	168.2000	N	0.0	168.2000	N	146.2	А	FS TAC		
11	TAC	DNR COMM		151.4150	N	103.5	151.4150	N	103.5	А	DNR COMMON		
12	TAC	DNR TAC1	TAC	151.3100	N	103.5	151.3100	N	103.5	А	DNR TAC 1		
13	TAC	RED NET	TAC	153.8300	N	0.0	153.8300	N	156.7	А	REDNET		
14	A/G	PRIMARY A/G	A/G	168.0125	N	0.0	168.0125	N	0.0	А	Muckamuck Primary A/G		
15	A/G	A/G 3	A/G	166.6125	N	0.0	166.6125	N	0.0	А	A/G 3		
16	AIRGUARD	AIRGUARD	EMERGENCY	168.6250	N	0.0	168.6250	N	110.9	А	EMERGENCY USE		
i. S	pecial Instructions:												
, I.	-205 Prepared By: Co	mmunications Unit L	_eader	Name:	Т	odd Bellef	euille COML		Signature		of Bellehill		

Muckamuck USFS Fire Suppression Repair Standards

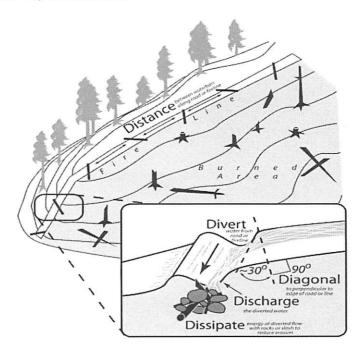
Objectives

The intent of the Suppression Repair Plan is to mitigate adverse effects to resources resulting from fire suppression activities on the Muckamuck Fire. Surface water/erosion control, maintenance of site productivity and the repair of high valued recreational sites are the focus of this work. Completion of this repair work is critical to reducing the impacts of erosion and sedimentation to minimize continued resource impacts.

Fire line repair - Hand line

- Hand crews will be used to implement water bars. No equipment will be used to install water bars.
- Pull berms and blend disturbed areas to fit the natural contours.
- Height of hand constructed water bars should average 12 inches. Use natural dips and rolls where possible.
- Place water bars on hand lines with the following general spacing guidelines, modify as needed to minimize soil erosion.
 - o < 15% 150' spacing (distance apart)</p>
 - o 15 to 30% slope 75' spacing
 - o 30% to 45% 50' spacing
 - > 45% slope 25' spacing
- Construct water bars at a 30 to 45-degree angle from the fire line, directing water away from the fire or other parts of the fire line. When feasible alternate directions of outlet.
- Pull soil, litter, duff and debris removed from the fire line back onto the line, to obliterate evidence of the line as much as possible. Strive for 65% to 85% ground cover. In grassy areas replace soil and sod and scatter rocks to naturalize the line location.
- Trenching should be filled in and the line restored to blend with the undisturbed soil contours.
- Block road access to hand lines to discourage recreational use, i.e. attempt to visually obscure junction of line and road and make travel on first section very inconvenient.

Water bars: the 5 Ds: "When locating and building water bars for all hand line and heavy equipment line, place them the right Distance apart, at a Diagonal to the fire line, so that they Divert, then Discharge, then Dissipate the energy of the flowing water. Be sure to make them deep enough so that they will be durable". *See diagram



<u>Fire line repair – Dozer line</u>

Pull berms and blend disturbed areas to fit the natural contours – i.e. fully obliterate all dozer lines.
 Accomplishment of this specification is with use of an excavator (Type II or Type III preferred) with a 2 to 3 cubic yard bucket with an opposable thumb (rake is preferred), with capabilities of working on steep slopes (50 to 60%) and capable of having a 30 to 35 ft. reach. Do not use dozers for rehabbing fire lines.

- Compacted soils associated with suppression staging areas, helipads, and "intensively used" areas from suppression equipment should be de-compacted with an excavator bucket/rake to a depth of 12 to 18 inches (or less in the presence of underlying rock).
- Scatter branches, wood, rock, sod or other material to naturalize the fire line and prevent soil erosion. Hand
 crews may be used to augment scattering of wood debris/slash to naturalize the dozer line and prevent soil
 erosion.
- Hand crews may be used to construct water bars on slopes greater than 50% or in areas too hazardous for safe excavator operation, or in areas where excavator use may create additional surface disturbance.
- In areas designated for road or access re-closure, re-contour road prisms to original slope contours and/or construct closure structures (berms and/or boulders) to eliminate undesired vehicle access. Re-establish original road widths to no greater than 12 feet as approved or otherwise specified.
- Place water bars on dozer lines with the following general spacing guidelines, modify as needed to minimize soil
 erosion.
 - o 5 to 20% slope 120 to 150' spacing (distance apart)
 - o 21 to 34% slope 90' spacing
 - > 35% slope 80' spacing.
- Construct water bars at a 30 to 45-degree angle from the fire line. Directing water away from the fire or other parts of the fire line. When feasible alternate directions of outlet (see diagram on bottom of page 3).
- Water bars should be 12" to 18" high
- Water bars should be cut into the fire line do not simply push up loose soil.
- Provide an outlet for water on the downslope end of the water bar.
- Slash can be placed at the outlet of the water bar to disperse runoff
- Block access to dozer lines that leave from existing open roads using boulders or natural large woody material, to eliminate motorized access.
- Block road access to dozer lines to discourage vehicle and recreational use, i.e. attempt to visually obscure
 junction of line and road and make travel on first section very inconvenient.
- Fire lines through damp or wet areas/riparian zones need to be rehabbed by hand if possible, or by the lightest equipment possible, with the least number of stream crossings. If damage is minimal, consider the possibility of not doing additional work. Consult READ if needed for area specifics.

Fire line repair-Machine line using a Feller Buncher

- Trees cut of merchantable size along roads for suppression and/or contingency lines will be processed and decked. Non merchantable trees cut will be consolidated for disposal.
- Stumps will be cut to a height less than 1'. Stumps with a diameter less than 4" will be cut to a 6" height.
- Machine tracks will be blended to fit natural contours. Bare soil will be scattered with slash and/or seed.
- Ditches and culvert openings will be cleared of debris to ensure hydraulic capacity.
- Machine fuel breaks using a road will follow the appropriate road maintenance specifications.
- Machine fuel breaks using a dozer line will follow the appropriate dozer line repair specifications.

Roads

- Repair road damage incurred during incident suppression. Grade damaged roads.
- Pull berm on outside edge of road including side cast material back onto the grade surface.
 Clean drain ditches to restore rolling dip functions.
- Harden or restore existing drainage surfaces and structures (water bars, rolling grade dips, and natural drains)
 with dips or raised berms capable of facilitating existing traffic flows and vehicle types.
- Construct rolling grade dips or water bars as necessary to accelerate stabilization of road surfaces from suppression impacts of increased traffic levels.
- Clean culverts inlets/outlets with backhoe and/or hand crews as needed to maintain hydraulic capacity.
- In extreme dry climates or soil conditions, compaction of rolling grade dips may be difficult or impossible without the addition of water. Soil moisture conditions should be conductive toward compaction. Auxiliary

- equipment such as a water truck (with spray nozzle) may be needed to facilitate re-establishment of road conditions, which were degraded by suppression activities.
- Pile, chip, or end haul slash to designated disposal areas where determined necessary along roadside areas
 prepared as fuel breaks. Leave firewood material (logs too big to be chipped) stacked along roadsides for future
 use and removal.
- Re-close roads opened for fire suppression to current hydrologically stable as designated in site specific repair standards that follow.

Maintenance Level One Roads

- Start work at back end of road and proceed toward entrance.
- Block access to dozer line to prevent future vehicle use.
- Do not construct water-bars within cultural resource boundaries if such are present.
- Ensure stream crossings are open to allow water flow down the channel. Streams should match natural upstream and downstream gradient.
- Water bars ensure end is open and clear of obstructions.
- Water bar Angle 30-45°. Angle so water is carried from road cut bank to road shoulder. Ensure water bars intercept ditchlines.
- Water bar Height minimum 18" compacted berm.
- Depth Construct water bars so the bottom of the ditch is a minimum 6" into solid soil. Do not construct any water bars completely from loose soil.
- Construct Earthen Barrier at entrance of road. Construct 4-8' feet high. Incorporate slash with the soil when available. Generate barrier from material removed from the road prism behind the berm and from surrounding bank material as available. Material excavated from the road prism behind the barrier shall not exceed 2 feet in depth.
- Construct water bars every 100 feet on steeper road segments (8% grade or steeper), 200 feet on 4 to 6% grade, and every 300' on flatter ground (0 to 4% grade).
- Where there are drainages crossing the roads such as culverts, build water bars immediately downhill from these features. Connect water bars to road ditchline when ditchlines are present.
- Apply dry seed mix to road prisms being reclosed or decommissioned to provide competition with noxious weeds.

Maintenance Level 2 and above Roads

- Remove berms that exist on outside shoulder of roads to ensure road surface drainage.
- Clean drainage ditches when such have been impacted by fire suppression activities. Restore rolling dips if present.
- Harden or restore existing drainage surfaces and structures (water bars, rolling grade dips, natural drains, ditchlines and culvert catch basins) consistent with their pre-fire suppression construction and character.
- Construction of features such as drain dips may require watering to allow soil compaction.
- Some roads may require additional work and materials to repair suppression related use. Typical examples are-but not limited to—surface gravel replacement and asphalt patching. Resource Advisors will identify roads that need such additional repair.

General

- Chip, pile or disperse large concentrations of unburned fuels created during suppression efforts, or pile as requested by the unit.
- Identify and inventory fences, signs, and other improvements damaged by the incident.
- Remove garbage, litter, etc. (including cigarette butts) from control lines, roads, drop points, and staging areas and dispose off-site.
- Signs/flagging removal: All signs and flagging will be removed from fire lines, roads, drop points, staging areas, camps, and water chances. Leave only flagging in place which marks hazards, resource concerns, etc.

- Avoid unnecessary felling. In particular, avoid cutting trees and snags >21" dbh. Do not cut or damage any
 green non-hazardous trees anywhere within the fire area unless the tree has been specifically marked for felling
 by the repair team.
- Approved certified weed-free, local grass seed mix will be applied in the fall to all areas disturbed by suppression activities by the unit.
- All suppression features will be GPS'd and GIS files given to the home unit.
- Stock ponds used for drafting water will be brought back to pre-fire levels. These locations will be provided by the home unit.
- All drainages (intermittent and perennial), meadows, and springs remove all soil, slash, and other debris that has been pushed into these areas. Streams should match natural upstream and downstream conditions.
- All water drafting sites (streams and lakes) return area to pre-fire condition.
- Remove all supplies, equipment and trash not needed for contingency.
- Remove all shelter wrap and staples.

MUCKAMUCK MOP UP SPECIFICATIONS FOR DNR PROTECTED LANDS

Always consider over-head hazards prior to putting fire fighters in harm's way for mop up. Mitigate hazards and exposure as needed.

Achieve 100% mop-up along and inside the fire perimeter to a distance that is adequate to ensure the perimeter is secure to prevent the fire from escaping across existing containment lines.

To reduce hazards to firefighters during final mop-up, fall snags that pose "imminent" danger along all open roads within the fire perimeter.

Known spot fires outside the control lines will be 100% mopped up <u>where appropriate</u> to do so, a route to them will be flagged, and the perimeter of spots mapped in GIS.

Mop-up of partially burned areas further inside the lines will be determined on a case-by-case basis.

For structures and sensitive resources within the interior of the fire line, mop-up to a level to ensure that there will be no future effects from the fire.

As mop-up specifications are met on a Division, Operations will develop a plan for the resources and equipment to be left in place that may be required for future contingency actions.

Mop-up will be verified by aerial infrared equipment and/or gridded prior to fire turn back to Land Manager or Protecting Agency.

Notify Agency Representative if a cultural site is found during mop-up.

SUPPRESSION REHABILITATION STANDARDS FOR DNR PROTECTED LANDS

All Tractor and Hand Lines

- Place water bars on tractor and hand lines with the following spacing guidelines:
 - o 6-9% slope maximum of 300' apart
 - o 10-15% slope maximum of 200' apart
 - o 15-25% slope maximum of 100' apart
 - o 25% to 45% slope maximum of 50' apart
 - o Greater than 45% slope every 25-50'
 - **Spacing distances above should only be used as a guide. Use judgment in locating water bars to minimize soil erosion potential.
- Pull soil, litter, duff, and debris removed from the fire line back onto the line to cover non fire perimeter hand lines.
- Flatten large berms on all fire lines.
- Leave all freshly fallen trees as they lay. Do not limb or buck.
- Fire lines through damp or wet areas/riparian zones need to be rehabbed by hand if possible, or by the lightest equipment possible, with the least number of stream crossings. If damage is minimal, consider the possibility of not doing additional work.

- Block road access to hand and dozer lines to discourage recreational use. Attempt to visually
 obscure junction of line and road and make travel on first section very inconvenient (i.e. it will
 be too much trouble to access the line to be worth it, especially for motorcycles).
- Disperse large concentrations of unburned fuels created during suppression efforts.

Tractor Lines

- Tractor lines on slopes less than 40%:
 - O Water bars may be installed by tractor or track mounted excavator. Use of excavator is preferred where berms need to be pulled in. Pile smaller debris and slash at the outlet of water bars.
 - Use only D-6 class or smaller tractors, 4 or 6 way blade preferred
 - o Install tractor or excavator water bars at a 20 to 30 degree angle to the fire line
 - Height of bars on machines constructed water bars not to exceed 24".
 - o Rip areas of compacted soil.
- Tractor lines on slopes greater than 40%
 - o Install water bars by hand or with an excavator
 - o Install water bars at a 30 to 45 degree angle to the fire line.

Hand Lines

- Height of hand constructed water bars should average 12 inches. Soils in most of the burned areas are light and loose (pumice derived), making bars less than 12 inches much less effective.
 In heavier soils, bar heights of 8-12" are acceptable.
- For hand line rehab, construct water bars at a 45-degree angle from the line, directing water away from the fire or other parts of the fire line.

Trees and Felling Operations

- Leave all freshly fallen trees as they lay. Do not limb or buck.
- Avoid cutting trees and snags >20" dbh. Do not cut or damage any green non-hazardous trees
 anywhere within the fire area unless the tree has been specifically marked for felling by the
 rehab team. Large Trees are in short supply in the local area due to past fires.

General Rehabilitation Concerns

- Identify and inventory fences, signs, and other improvements damaged by the incident
- Repair road damage incurred during incident suppression.
- Remove garbage, litter, etc., from control lines, roads, drop points, and staging areas and dispose off-site.
- Signs/flagging removal: All signs and flagging will be removed from fire lines, roads, drop points, staging areas, camps, and water chances.

Incident Risk Assessment Worksheet			ksheet	2. Location	Conconul	ly, WA				
	Identification of H Assessn		sk	3. Name a	nd Title of Analyst Robert Schwiesow SOFR	tion (Engineering, 7 Post-Control			021	
	5. (Pre-Control			Control or Abatement Action (Engineering, Administrative, PPE, Avoidance, Education, etc)					
8. Location	9. Hazard	10. Hazard Probability	11. Severity Code	12. RAC	Actions (double-click in cell then click alt + enter to add a line)	13. Hazard Probability	14. Severity Code	15. RAC	16. Acceptable (Yes/No)	
On Incident	Heavy Equipment Operations	Likely B	Catastrophic I	Critical	 Ensure communications are established with operators. Use hand signals if other communications are unavailable. Maintain a 50'-100' exclusion area around equipment and increase it to 1 1/2 times tree height when in timber. Use a spotter when backing. Avoid working below heavy equipment. 	Occasional C	Catastrophic I	Serious	Yes	
On Incident	Driving & Traffic	Likely B	Critical II	Serious	~ Practice "Defensive Driving" techniques traveling on all roads and city streets.	Occasional C	Critical II	Moderate	Yes	
On Incident	Unplanned Public Interaction	Likely B	Significant III	Moderate	- Be alert to non-fire personnel in areas with suppression personnel. - All non-fire personnel will be escorted while on fireline. - Post lookouts to in areas with public to avoid conflicts with mission tasks. - Ensure sufficient security to restrict access to exclusion area.	Rarely D	Catastrophic I	Moderate	Yes	
On Incident	Hazard Trees	Likely B	Catastrophic I	Grittical	~ Follow "Hazard Tree Safety" guidelines, IRPG page 22.	Occasional C	Catastrophic I	Serious	Yes	

Ale .

Incident: Muckamuck Date: Tuesday, September 14, 2021 Shift: Day



SAFETY MESSAGE SAFETY IS OUR FIRST PRIORITY



LCES

Fire fighter safety comes first on every fire, every time

FIREFIGHTERS CODE OF CONDUCT

IRPG

WORK-REST GUIDELINES

Lookouts Communications Escape Routes Safety Zones

Make Sure LCES Is In Place

Each firefighter must know the interconnection of LCES - lookouts, communications, escape routes, and safety zones. LCES should be established before fighting the fire: Select lookouts, set up a communications plan, choose escape routes, and select safety zones.

SAFETY THOUGHT DANGER!

Been there, done that? Don't take safety for granted. Keep alert to hazards—no matter how often you've done the job. It's the one you don't see that eventually gets you.

MORE REHAB AND MOP UP

MAJOR HAZARDS AND RISKS

- Steep slopes, rolling material—watch footing
- Snags, shallow-rooted trees --LCES
- · Personal hygiene—wash hands!
- · Driving-Go Slow, Lights, Seatbelts, Windshields
- Dehydration—drink plenty of fluids
- Local community traffic—bicycles and runners on the roads and trails
- Traffic congestion at ICP—go slow/use spotters
- Crew fatigue—Rest often; assess condition

This very serious matter requires very serious attention

Do not miss the signs.



"I understand you're the worker with the near-perfect safety record."

"WATCH OUT" FOR COMPLACENCY

- Fire activity has slowed considerably. Ward off boredom and complacency.
- Take care of personal health conditions. See the medics for blisters, allergies, and colds.
 - Clearly understand assignment and be accountable for meeting determined objectives.
- Review the 10 Standard Firefighting Orders and 18 Watch Out Situations.
 - Communicate identified hazards to others.
- Enjoy your work, but avoid horseplay. Display an appropriate sense of humor.

SAFETY IS AN ATTITUDE: MAINTAIN FOCUS!



LID Massaca	1. Incident Name	2. Date Prepared	3. Time Prepared
HR Message	Muckamuck	9/13/2021	1800

RESPECT

Know your subordinates and look out for their well-being

- Put the safety of your subordinates above all other objectives.
- Take care of your subordinates needs.
- Resolve conflicts between individuals on the team.

Keep your subordinates informed

- Provide accurate and timely briefings.
- Give the reason (intent) for assignments and tasks.
- Make yourself available to answer questions at appropriate times.

Build the team

- Conduct frequent debriefings with the team to identify lessons learned.
- Recognize individual and team accomplishments and reward them appropriately.
- Apply disciplinary measures equally.

Employ your subordinates in accordance with their capabilities

- Observe human behavior as well as fire behavior.
- Provide early warning to subordinates of tasks they will be responsible for.
- Consider team experience, fatigue, and physical limitations when accepting assignments.

9. Prepared by (Name and Position)

Muckamuck Fire LOGISTICS INFORMATION

ICP: 0600-2200

SHOWERS: Conconully Camp: 0600 to 2200

ICP: 0600 to 2200

Showers are closed 1200-1400 at both camps.

MEALS: Conconully Camp: 0600 to 0800 and 1915 to 2115

ICP: 0600-0900 and 1800-2100

LAUNDRY: Conconully Camp: Drop off by 1300; 24 hour turnaround

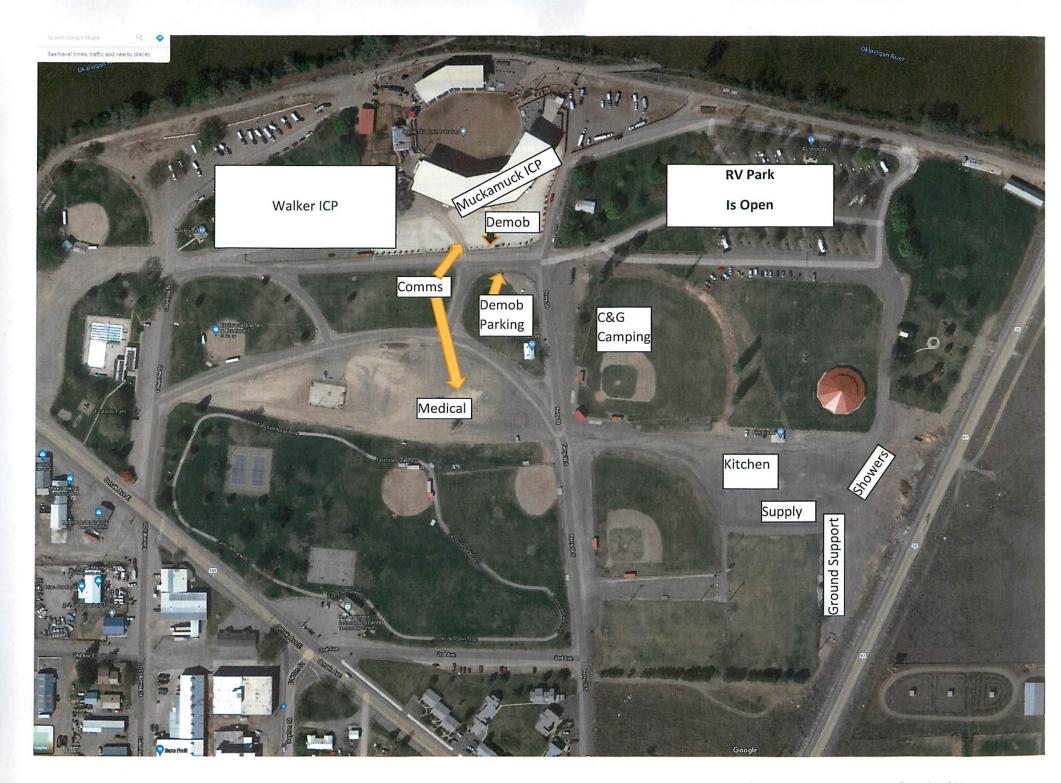
All hours are subject to change at both locations.

SUPPLY ORDERING: Please get those to C&G staff during briefing. Also, they can be turned in to Division Supervisors and Operations.

- There is a map for added information.
- Please keep vehicle speeds down through fire camp, ICP, and local roads.
- If you need assistance after hours, please contact Mike Bucy from Logistics: 509-953-3189.
- Masks must be worn inside & outside at camp and in vehicles with others.
- All lunches will be at the reefer. Camp crew will assist you in handing out ice and lunches. Water and sports drinks will be at the reefer as well. Try and send as few people as possible to pick up supplies.
- Cell service is set up for Verizon and AT&T. T-Mobile has Wi-Fi. If your phone has Wi-fi calling enabled, it will work with any system. Each cellular system has a limited amount of users at one time. Please be patient and courteous.

Network: DNR2021Guest Password: Emergency2@

• The RV park at each site is still active with visitors. Please be cognizant of their actions and yours.









Fire Information Resources

Resource Logo	Weblink	QR Code
FOREST SERVICE USDA FOREST SERVICE	https://www.facebook.com/colvillenf	
NORTHEAST WASHINGTON INTERAGENCY Type 3 Incident Management Team	https://www.facebook.com/newimt3	
(InciWeb - Incident Information System	https://inciweb.nwcg.gov/incident/7786/	

Muckamuck Finance Information

WA-COF-2290 P6N75D-0621 221-KTR

NEIMT Team 2 Finance Contact Information:

Cari Richardson, FSC3, 509-936-3563 Michelle Leonard, FSC3(T), 509-640-8716

Please continue to submit all documents electronically to incident finance email: **2021.muckamuck.finance@firenet.gov**

All email transmissions shall include in the subject line:

- > Resource Number
- Resource Name
- > Type of document being emailed (example: CTR, ST Shift Ticket, Agreement, etc.)

CTRs and Shift Tickets MUST be signed by your incident supervisor

There will be a collection box available for shift tickets and CTRs at Conconully State Park after briefing each morning.

Starting 9/7/2021, all resources assigned to the Muckamuck incident will demob in person at Muckamuck ICP at the Omak Stampede Grounds. Please be sure you have all time submitted (CTRs and shift tickets MUST be signed by incident supervisor).

MUCKAMUCK DEMOB SCHEDULE

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14		
C-3003	NORTH COLUMBIA 20	0800
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15		
E-157	METHOW RIVER WILDFIRE (T4)	0700
O-3009	MIKE QUINN (REAF)	0730
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16		
C-39	ASI ARDEN INC (HC2)	0700
E-77	TORCH FIRE (T6)	0730
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17		
C-3002	FRANCO REFORESTATION (HC2)	0700
E-75	FIRE CONTROL (T6)	0730
E-153	LIBERTY WILDFIRE (T6)	0800
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 18		
E-150	METHOW RIVER WILDFIRE (T4)	0700

COVID-19 Exposure Risk

COVID-19 is spread mainly from person to person. Spread occurs more commonly between people who are in close contact (within about 6 feet for a total of 15 minutes or more over a 24-hour period) with one another through respiratory droplets that come from the mouth or nose when an infected person coughs, sneezes, sings, or speaks. COVID-19 can be spread by people who are not showing symptoms or before their symptoms begin.

COVID-19 is spread in three main ways:

- Breathing in air when close to an infected person exhaling small droplets and
 particles containing the virus. Spread that occurs by breathing in air that contains
 the virus when you are not in close contact is uncommon but occurs more often in
 enclosed spaces with poor ventilation (airflow) and when you are exposed for a
 longer period of time.
- 2. Having small droplets and particles containing the virus land in the eyes, nose, or mouth, especially through splashes and sprays like a cough or sneeze.
- 3. Touching the eyes, nose, or mouth with hands that have the virus on them. It is also uncommon for COVID-19 to spread through contact with contaminated surfaces. This means that you are unlikely to get COVID-19 by touching your eyes, nose, or mouth after touching a contaminated item

Close contact means:

- Being within 6 feet of a person who has COVID-19 for a total of 15 minutes or more over a 24-hour period, or
- Having direct exposure to respiratory secretions (e.g., being coughed or sneezed on, sharing a drinking glass or utensils, kissing), or
- · Caring for a person who has COVID-19, or
- Living with a person who has COVID-19

For more information visit www.cdc.gov

WILDLAND FIRE COVID-19 SCREENING TOOL

Today or in the past 24 hours, have you had any of the following symptoms¹?

Symptom		
Cough more than expec	eted?	
Shortness of breath or d	lifficulty breathing?	
Fever? Chills?		
Muscle pain, outside yo	our normal for firefighting	?
Sore throat?		
New loss of taste or sm	ell?	
Fatigue, outside your no	ormal for firefighting?	
Headache, outside your	normal for firefighting?	
Congestion or runny no	se, outside your normal fo	or firefighting?
Nausea or vomiting		
Diarrhea		
* Take temperature wit	h no-touch thermometer, i	f available *

Instructions for Screening

Item	What to Do
If resource has a cough that is more than expected, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, or any other symptoms listed.	DO NOT MOBILIZE
At Entries:	DO NOT ANNOUNCE
Consider adequate number of personnel needed for screening. Although medical personnel are ideal, screeners do not have to be medically trained.	Ask individual to step aside and follow the steps below.
If resource has cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, or any other listed symptoms including fever (over 100.4) at entry.	

Steps to follow			
Escort symptomatic ind	lividual to isolation area	1.	
Isolation support person	nnel should begin docur	nentation.	
Have symptomatic indi	vidual contact Supervis	or for further direction.	
Notify public health of	icials.		
Have individual transpo	orted as appropriate.		
Protect and secure any Information (PHI).	collected Personal Iden	tifiable Information (PII)	or Personal Health

¹ Symptoms of Coronavirus https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/symptoms-testing/symptoms.html

ACTIVITY LOG (ICS 214)

1. Incident Name:	2.	Operational Period:	Date Fron	n: Date To:	
				Time From	m: Time To:
3. Name:		4. ICS I	Position:		5. Home Agency (and Unit):
6. Resources Assigne	ed:				
Name			ICS Position		Home Agency (and Unit)
			•		
-					
7. Activity Log:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Date/Time N	otable Activities				
				-	
			_		
			·		
		-			
				<u> </u>	
8. Prepared by: Name	e:		Position/Title:		Signature:
ICS 214, Page 1			Date/Time:		

MEDICAL PLAN (ICS 206 WF)

1. Incident/Project	Name				2. Oper	ational Period					
Muckamuck Date						te/Time 09/14/2021 0700-1900					
3. Ambulance Serv	ices				: 17						
Name Co			Complete Address			Phone & EMS Frequency		Advanced Life Support (ALS) Yes No			
Lifeline Omak, V			c, WA			Commar 911 (secon		х			
4. Air Ambulance S	ervices				**************************************						
Name			Phone			Type of Aircraft & Capability					
Life Flight: Brewster (30 min)	, WA	91	Comman 1 (second				Crit	ical Ai	r Transport		
Airlift NW: Wenatche (45 min)	ee, WA		Command 911 (secondary)				Crit	ical Ai	r Transport		
5. Hospitals			*				227 N. T. 228 J.				
Name Complete Address	Co Degree	S Datum – ordinate Si ees Decima o MM.MMM MM.MMM	tandard al Minutes ' N - Lat	Trave Air	l Time Gnd	Phone	Heli Yes	•	of Care		
Three Rivers	Lat:	48° 06	5.37 N	25	50		х		Level 4 Trauma		
Hospital 507 Hospital Way	Long) 119° 4	46.97 W	min	min	509-645-					
Brewster, WA	VHF	: 155.3	40			3300					
Mid Valley	Lat:	48° 23	3.79 N	15	25		X		Level 4 Tı	auma	
Hospital 810 Jasmine St	Long	119° 3	32.79 W	min	min	509-429- 0922					
Omak, WA	VHF	: 155.3	40	1		USEE					
Central Washington Hospital 1201 Miller St Wenatchee, WA	Lat: Long : VHF	120° 155.3	47° 24.43 N 30 120° 19.27 W min 155.340		150 min	509-662- 1511	x		Level 2/3 Trauma		
Harborview	Lat:		6.10 N	60	320		х	Level 1 center		Level 1 Trauma and burn	
Medical Center 325 9th Ave	Long	g 121°	19.30 W	min	min	206-744- 4074			center		
Seattle, WA	VHF	: 155.3	40	"""		4074					
6. Division Br Group	anch	Cap	oability			Personnel					
Division C REM			MS Team Wilderness			Colin Stenhouse					
Division C, X, Repair SOF			SOFR (Line)			Don Fortier					
 See COVID 	plan f	or COVIE) related i	ncident	ts.	cated on the				annel.	
7. Prepared By (Medical Unit Leader)			8. Date/Time						10. Date/Time		
						Robert A. Schwiesow 09/13/21 1				09/13/21 1800	

Page 29 of 30

MEDICAL PLAN (ICS 206 WF)

Controlled Unclassified Information//Basic

Medical Incident Report

FOR A NON-EMERGENCY INCIDENT, WORK THROUGH CHAIN OF COMMAND TO REPORT AND TRANSPORT INJURED PERSONNEL AS NECESSARY.

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY: IDENTIFY ON SCENE INCIDENT COMMANDER BY NAME AND POSITION AND ANNOUNCE "MEDICAL EMERGENCY" TO INITIATE RESPONSE FROM IMT COMMUNICATIONS/DISPATCH.

Use the following items to communicate situation to communications/dispatch.

Ex: "Communications, Div. Alpha. Stand-by for Emergency Traffic."

2. INCIDENT STATUS: Provide incident summary (including number of patients) and command structure.

		rity patient, unconscious, struck by nith is providing medical care."	y a falling tree. Requ	esting air ambulance to Fon	est Road 1 at (Lat./Long.) This will be the Trout			
•	rgency / Transport lority	Ex: Significant trauma, unable to walk, 2° – 3° burns not more than 1-3 palm sizes.						
	njury or illness & sm of injury				Brief Summary of Injury or Illness (Ex: Unconscious, Struck by Falling Tree)			
Transpo	rt Request				Air Ambulance / Short Haul/Hoist Ground Ambulance / Other			
Patient	Location			D	escriptive Location & Lat. / Long. (WGS84)			
Incide	nt Name				Geographic Name + "Medical" (Ex: Trout Meadow Medical)			
On-Scene Incid	dent Commander				Name of on-scene IC of Incident within an Incident (Ex: TFLD Jones)			
Patie	nt Care				Name of Care Provider (Ex: EMT Smith)			
3. INITIAL PATI	ENT ASSESSMENT: C	omplete this section for each patient	t as applicable (start wi	th the most severe patient)				
Patient Assessm	ent: See IRPG page 10	06						
Treatment:								
4. TRANSPORT			4	tot (town) Delinette				
Evacuation Loca	uon (II amerent): (Desc	riptive Location (drop point, in	Nersection, etc.) or	Lat. / Long.) Patients i	:TA to Evacuation Location:			
Helispot / Extrac	tion Site Size and Haza	ırds:						
5. ADDITIONAL	RESOURCES / EQUIP	MENT NEEDS:						
Example: Paramed	lic/EMT, Crews, Immobiliza	ation Devices, AED, Oxygen, Trau	ıma Bag, IV/Fluid(s), S	Splints, Rope rescue, Wheel	ed litter, HAZMAT, Extrication			
		Air/Ground EMS Frequenci	es and Hospital C	ontacts as applicable Transmit (TX)	Tone/NAC *			
Function	Channel Name/Number	r Receive (RA)	TONE/NAC	Transmit (TX)	TOTEMAC			
AIR-TO-GRND								
TACTICAL	_				 			
7. CONTINGENC ahead.	CY: Considerations: If p	rimary options fail, what actions	can be implemente	d in conjunction with prim	eary evacuation method? Be thinking			
	INFORMATION: Update							
REMEMBER:	Confirm ETA's of rese	ources ordered. Act accord	ling to your level	of training. Be Alert. I	Keep Calm. Think Clearly. Act Decisively.			