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## **Incident Status Summary (ICS-209)**

1: Date <b>10/22/20</b>	ll ll	: Time 1730	itial   Update   Final   XX						dent Numbe <b>KR-0000</b>	ll l				
(Full Sup	7: Start D Time 04/30/2 0900	e 2011	8: Cause Lightning S			9: Incident Commander <b>Steve Abbott</b>		10: Incident Command Organization <b>Type 3 Tea</b>		1	11: State- Unit GA- OKR			
12: County Charlton	ongitude g: 82° 22′ -OKR	7''	14: Short Location Description (in reference to nearest to Okefenokee NWR, 5 miles NE of Fargo, G.								,			
15: Size/Area   16: %   Contained   309,199 ACRES   76 Percent				17: Expecto Containme Date:			Line tuild	О	19: Estin Cost to Da <b>\$52,616</b>	Contro				
21: Injuries t Reporting Pe	Fatalities	24: St	tructur	e Infor	matic	n								
0 3				0	Туре			of Structure		Threatened	# Da	maged #		Destroyed
25: Threat to	Residence					90								
Evacuation(s No evacuation	Commercial Property				Ï	25								
Potential fut No likely the		Outbuilding/Other					196				1			
26: Projected incident movement/spread 12, 24, 48, and 72 hour time frames:														

- 26: Projected incident movement/spread 12, 24, 48, and 72 hour time frames:
- 12 hours: Creeping and smoldering will increase as well as reburn potential as conditions become drier.
- 24 hours: Same as above.
- 48 hours: Same as above.
- 72 hours: **Same as above.**
- 27: Values at Risk: include communities, critical infrastructure, natural and cultural resources in 12, 24, 48 and 72 hour time frames:
- 12 hours: **High value commercial timberlands, the Okefenokee National Wildlife Refuge** (**OKR**) and cultural resources, CSX railroads, the Suwannee Chapel Community.
- 24 hours: Same as above.
- 48 hours: Same as above.
- 72 hours: Same as above.
- 28: Critical Resource Needs (amount, type, kind and number of operational periods () in priority order in 12, 24, 48, and 72 hour time frames):
- 12 hours: None.
- 24 hours: None.
- 48 hours: None.
- 72 hours: None.
- 29: Major problems and concerns (control problems, social/political/economic concerns or impacts, etc.) Relate critical resources needs identified above to the Incident Action Plan.

Moderate to heavy fuel loads in the swamp and uplands; limited accessibility for ground equipment; mulitiple jurisdictions involved; wilderness area; and reburn potential over the entire fire area. Needle cast and re-sprouted palmetto reburn are concerns. Timber logging activity within the burned area. Hunting season is open increasing public activity in the area. Extended drought makes breakouts possible in the western portion of the fire.

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30: Observed Weather for Current

Operational Period

Peak Gusts (mph): **10** Max.

Temperature: 72

Wind Direction: **NE** Min. Relative Humidity: **30** 

31: Fuels/Materials Involved: 7 Southern Rough

Heavy swamp fuel loads, heavy to moderate palmetto/gallberry,

3+ year rough

32: Today's observed fire behavior (leave blank for non-fire events):

Creeping and smoldering continues as well as some active open flames in heavier fuels.

33: Significant events today (closures, evacuations, significant progress made, etc.):

Crews continue to patrol, monitor and mop up around the Tatum Road area on the west side of the swamp.

34: Forecasted Weather for next Operational

Period

Wind Speed (mph): **10** Temperature: **74** 

Wind Direction: **NE** Relative Humidity: **35** 

35: Estimated Control

Date and Time:

36: Projected Final Size:

37: Estimated Final Cost:

38: Actions planned for next operational period:

Crews will continue to patrol, monitor, and mop up the fire.

39: For fire incidents, describe resistance to control in terms of:

- 1. Growth Potential Medium
- 2. Difficulty of Terrain High
- 40: Given the current constraints, when will the chosen management strategy succeed?
- 41: Projected demobilization start date:
- 42: Remarks:

Cost decreased today due to database cleanup. Agency Administrator's objectives remain to contain all fires within the Okefenokee NWR, using indirect tactics at the swamp's edge because of inaccessible terrain, and to maintain wilderness values and reduce negative impacts to the ecosystem. As drying out continues, increase in fire behavior is likely.

	Suppression Strategy	Size	MMA	Cost To Date
Honey Prairie	Point or Zone Protection/Limited Perimeter Control	309,199	76%	\$52,616,563
Moniac	Full Suppression/Perimeter Control		100%	
Road 22	Full Suppression/Perimeter Control		100%	
Murry Road	Full Suppression/Perimeter Control		100%	
Boone	Full Suppression/Perimeter Control		100%	
Whites Flat	Full Suppression/Perimeter Control		100%	
Secret	Full Suppression/Perimeter Control		100%	
Moccasin	Full Suppression/Perimeter Control		100%	
260 Fire	Full Suppression/Perimeter Control		100%	

43: Committed Resources (Supplemental Committed Resources follow the first block)

Aganay	CR	W1	CR	W2	HEL1	HEL2	HEL3	EN	GS	DOZR		WTDR	OVHD	Camp	Total
Agency	SR	ST	SR	ST	SR	SR	SR	SR	ST	SR	ST	SR	SR	Crews	Personnel
USFS					1		1						9		19
FWS								2					16		20
BLM													1		1

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ST								6							11			27
WXW															1			1
Total	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	. 8	0	0	0		0		38	0		68
	Total personnel by agency are listed in the first section of committed resources.																	
Agenc	<b>3</b> 7		C215		C415	BM	IDR	TF	L1		TPL	2	TP	L3	Г	ΓPL4	V	ANS
Agenc	у 		SR		SR	S	R	S	R		SR		S	SR SR		SR	SR	
USFS																		
FWS											2					1		
BLM																		
ST														3		1		
WXW																		
Total				0	0		0			0		2		3		2		0

44: Cooperating and Assisting Agencies Not Listed Above:

GEMA, GDOT, FLDOT, County EMA's, GOAL, FFS, GFC, Rayonier, Superior Pine and Langdale. Rayonier, Superior Pine and Langdale resources are not reflected in the Honey Prairie Complex resource numbers, since they will respond to protect their own lands as needed.

	46: Approved by:	47: Sent to: <b>SACC</b> by: <b>TB</b>
Thomas Barrett	Steve Abbott	Date: 10/22/2011 Time: 1730